

THE MONITOR NEWS

VOL. 3

MONITOR, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 8th, 1918.

NO. 15

10-20 Mogul AND Titan Tractors

Order from us NOW for
spring delivery

We have a very limited
supply of Grain Drills for
spring delivery.

Be Wise, Order Now

One Sleigh left at Cost

J. A. Hayes & Sons

We sell the Best

LUMBER
and all kinds of
BUILDING MATERIAL

Stock of Good Coal on hand
LIME BRICK FENCE POSTS

BEAVER LUMBER CO. Ltd.

Fresh & Cured MEATS

All kinds of Fresh Fish in stock
Hams Bacon Bologna Sausage
Monitor Meat Market

MASQUERADE DANCE

Fully 200 people attended the Masquerade Dance, in the Big Hall, on Monday night. The array of costumes was by far the finest ever seen in Monitor.

The judges had their work cut out in awarding the prizes, but carried off their task O. K. Roy Stranahan, as a Cavalier, won 1st prize; and McDonald & McGirr as the Gold Dust Twins took the couple's money. The other winners were Mrs. Grace as Mother Goose; Mrs. Gehrk as Rosalind; R. P. Thompson King Charles; A. Grace, Jester; L. E. Larder, Clown.

Dr. Buggins, Dentist, will be in town March 9th to 16th, both days inclusive.

Dr. D. J. Bechtel, Eye Specialist, of Calgary, will be in

Monitor, March 14th
Bideford, " 15th
Compeer, " 16th
Consult him here

FOR SALE

One well-bred Clyde mare, 9 yrs old. One bay mare (half sister to above mare, one Shire cross), aged 7 years. Both sound and true, extra good mares, have weighed 3300 lbs.

Also 1 bull calf from pure-bred Holstein cow and Shorthorn bull. Nine months old, big for age.

T. H. Noad, Monitor P. O.
W½ Sec. 24-33-4

FOR SALE

One dozen pure bred Buff Orpington Roosters for sale. Apply to
Mrs. Ed Corley, Sec. 6-3-4
Kirriemuir

Mr. FARMER!

The DUTY has been taken off our TITAN TRACTOR, so now the cost of our 10-20 TRACTOR is not as much as six good horses are worth. And one man can do twice as much work with the TRACTOR as he can with horses.

Horses, and oats to feed them, are high and scarce. Farm labor is a very uncertain question. Let our 10-20 Titan Tractor answer this question for you. It has proved ITS RELIABILITY. BUY NOW!

A few Fanning Mills left at a bargain. 'THE HERO'

Quality First DEERING
Geo. E. GARRIES

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

School Inspector McLean was in town during the week.

The date of the staging of the comedy, "Facing the Music", has been changed to Monday, April 1st.

The car of Shorthorn bulls arrived in town on Wednesday, and most of them have been sold. Mr. McCullum will only be here until Saturday night.

sure to consult Dr. H. Mecklenburg about your eyes. He has visited your town for years, and will again be at Monitor, Tues. March 26th Consort, Wed. " 27th Prevost, Sat. " 23rd

The Ladies Aid will meet on Wednesday, at the home of Mrs. English.

Geo. H. Earl has purchased a frontage of 125 feet. on Council St.

Geo. Lucas is a visitor in Edmonton this week.

The following is the standing of the pupils of the Monitor School:
Senior Room, E. MacRae, Principal.
Grade VII, Olive Garries, 72%; Grade VI, Otto Johnson, 48%; Grade V, Otto Swanson, 70%; Grace Garries, 65%; Ivan Swanson, 63%; Elsie English, 62%; Lily Martin, 60%; Emily Danielson, 59%; Gertrude Burrell 48%; Alice Deadmarsh, 48%; Oscar Liknes, 28%; Grade V, Dalton Tinkess, 55%; Leslie Tinkess, 45%; Grade IV, Edward Todd, 60%; Winnifred Connors, 50%; Beatrice Killingbeck, 50%; Moody Haines, 33%. The following have passed into the next grade: VI to VII, O. Swanson, G. Garries, I. Swanson, E. Martin, E. Martin, E. Danielson, Grade V to VI, L. Tinkess, D. Tinkess, Junior Grades, Miss A. M. Curtis.

Grade III, Arthur Garries, 82%; Ruth Martin, 80%; Mary Deadmarsh, 80%; Della Foster, 90%; Grade II, Floyd Davis, 65%; Martine Gehrk, 82%; Barbara Dore, 60%; Grade I, Sr. Lina Tinkess, 92%; Gladys Grace, 92%; Billy Craig, 94%; E. Earle, 88%; Grade I, Jr. Fernie McCurdy, 60%; Arlo Ryckman, 45%; Johnny Tkachko, 39%; Pr'my, Eva Grace, 80%; Eddie Dore, 78%; Herbert McCurdy, 90%; Dagney Danielson, 91%; Kathleen Earl, 90%; Verne Gehrk, 78%.

Town Council

REVERE
W. H. Olson
COUNCILLORS
H. J. McGirr W. G. MacKenzie
W. G. MacKenzie Sec.-Treas.
Council meets 1st Monday each month

School Board

J. Hamer Chairman
H. McCarron W. S. McCulloch

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

REV. W. S. WICKENDEN, B.A., L.Th.
PASTOR.
Service every Sunday
11 a.m.
A hearty invitation to all services
Books provided.
Boy Scouts, every Tues. & Fri. 7 to 8
Children's Service, weekly, Fri. at 9:30
Choir Practice Fridays at 8:15

Sunday Services Co-operation: Presbyterian and Methodist

Berryfield 11 a.m.
Ione 3 p.m.
Monitor 7:30 p.m.
Monitor Sunday School 2 p.m.
REV. J. E. COLLINS

Kirriemuir Mission Union Services

Kirriemuir ... 11 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
McRorie's, Section 10-36-3
at 3:30 p.m.
Rev. W. H. Day, Kirriemuir

W. G. MacKENZIE

Barrister, Solicitor Notary Public
Money to Loan
MONITOR ALBERTA

Notary Public Conveyancing
W. S. McCULLOCH
Real Estate
Money to Loan Insurance
Monitor, Alberta

DR. BUGGINS DENTIST

Specialist in Crown and Bridge Work
Watch for dates when he will be in Monitor.

CRAMER & GARRIES

Are the Auctioneers
to Cry Your Sale

Terms Reasonable
Satisfaction Guaranteed
MONITOR ALTA.

Carmen's Messenger

BY
HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

He did not look like a detective, and Foster felt he was not bad, nor got on board at the crossing. This seemed to indicate that he could not have been investigating the tragedy there, particularly since Holt had only recovered from the shock a few days ago. Then Holt again stated his desire to go for a New York man, and not that he had done so. The fellow, however, might be a confidential agent of the government's, who had perhaps found out something about certain mysterious attempts to damage public property.

But even by Foster's smile, Carmen had given him a valuable packet to take care of, and now this stranger had asked his help. Both had stated their confidence in him, but it was getting obvious that to look as if one could be trusted was his desire. He did not feel safe, but disturbed as he read the newspapers, which reported the arrest of two strangers with dynamite cartridges near the locks of a big canal, but presently put it down and glanced at his watch. The ten minutes had nearly gone and looked like a few minutes. A frozen lake shimmered at the edge of the track and then, with a harsh uproar, the train plunged into the shadow of a cliff. On the summit stunted pines cut against the sky, and Foster knew they ran from the Manitoba border to the Ottawa across a rugged and stony wilderness as there is in the Dominion. The stations were small and sometimes only places where the locomotives stopped for water. He could not remember when they had passed the last.

Looking at his watch again, he saw that he had kept his promise, but decided to give the man a few more minutes, and then go to his berth, unless he could learn something about him from the conductor. The berth was in the Pullman farther to the rear of the train, and walking through the empty cars he opened the door of a vestibule and stepped out on the platform. It was unprotected except for a brass rail at the side, which was divided in the middle where the steps went down. The floor jolted and a bitter wind that whistled between the vestibules buffeted him. Although he wore the fur coat, he shivered, and as he stepped across the gap between the platforms the door behind him rattled.

Turning sharply round, he saw a man in a dark suit and the shadow of the curving roof, and felt his heart beat. Then the door he had been making for swung back, and he knew he had another antagonist to deal with. He carried no pistol, and there was no need of a shot; if he had not been in a hurry, but he did not wait to be attacked, and with a sudden spring threw himself upon the man in front. He felt his knuckles jar and heard the fellow's head crash against the vestibule, but the other seized him by the tuft. Foster surprised that the man found the report of a pistol but might use the knife, and determined to throw the fellow down the steps. If this proved impossible, he must try to jump off the train.

So far as he could remember, the savage struck only once, and a few moments. His assailant had apparently not room enough to draw a weapon and Foster kept his grip, so that he could not free his right arm, although this left his face exposed. He was breathless and exhausted when he fell against the rail with all a tremor before he hit the fellow off his feet. Since there seemed to be no other way, they must both fall off the train. He lost his balance and his foot slipping from the top step threw him backward. Then he missed the rail he clutched at and felt a heavy shock.

When his senses came back he found that he was lying on hard-frozen ground. There were dark firs about, but a little farther on, the rails glistened in the moonlight, and he dimly realized that he had fallen off the car. A faint snoring and a rumble that echoed across the forest showed that the train was going on. Foster lay still and listened until the sound died away. It looked as if nobody but the men who had attacked him knew there had been a struggle and he was left behind. Then he cautiously raised his head and leaning on his elbow looked about. It

was a relief to find that he could do so, but he must see if his antagonist had fallen off with him, because if the fall had not badly hurt he might renew the attack.

There was nothing in the shadow beside the line, the gap where the rails ran into the moonlight was empty, and everything was still, except for the sight of the cold breeze among the trees. For a moment he hesitated about getting up. The train was probably going at forty miles an hour, the ground was hard, and he might find that some bones were broken when he tried to move. The snow had perhaps helped to seal and prevent his feeling much pain. It was, however, bitterly cold, and making an effort he got shakily upon his feet. To his surprise, he discovered that he was not much the worse although he felt sore and dizzy, and set off in a falter奔向 to think what he should do.

The next station was probably only marked by an agent's office and a water tank. Besides, his antagonists might get down there and come back to look for him, in which case he would be at their mercy if they had not been able to catch him. The road they had passed, he thought, the safest plan would be to make for it. This meant a walk of some hours, with nothing to eat on the way, but a train from Winnipeg would stop early in the morning, and he could expect time to resume his journey east. If they had found out their mistake, they would take it for granted that he was a confederate of the man they followed and most likely calculate on his trying to reach the next Canadian station. Foster left with a sense of the fellow who had lured him into the adventure and resolved to extricate himself from it as soon as possible.

Getting up, he started west along the track, and after a time found it was heavy and too warm, but he would need it when he stopped. Then he wore thin city boots, and the track as usual, was roughly balasted with coarse gravel. The stones rolled about under his feet and the ties were loose. He could not walk, and could not step from one to another except by an awkward stride. He went on, however, and by and by began to wonder where he could get a drink, for the struggle or the shock had made him thirsty.

The big coat proved troublesome to carry when he took it off. After a time his feet got sore and he tried to sit down, but the snow was deep on the line, but this was filled with ice, on which he slipped. He had travelled by rougher trails and carried heavy loads, but that was some years ago and he wore different boots and fastened them more tightly by proper laces. Moreover, he got soft when leading a business life.

By and by he heard the roar of water and pushing on faster came to a foaming creek that plunged down a stony ravine. A bridge crossed the gorge, but the water had washed the channel down the rocky bank. Where the spray had fallen there were patches of ice, but Foster felt that he must get a drink. When he was half way down his foot slipped and he slid the rest of the distance, bringing up with a shock at the edge of the water, where he struck a projecting stone.

(To Be Continued.)

Purchase of Seed Oats

A. E. Wilson informs Calgary Grain Companies 100,000 Bushels Wanted

A. E. Wilson, commissioner for the Dominion government grain commission, has informed the grain companies for the sections of the prairie country in need, of his desire to resume his journey east. If they had found out their mistake, they would take it for granted that he was a confederate of the man they followed and most likely calculate on his trying to reach the next Canadian station.

Foster left with a sense of the fellow who had lured him into the adventure and resolved to extricate himself from it as soon as possible.

All oats, as purchased, will be diverted to the interior government elevators at Calgary, Saskatoon and Moose Jaw, from which places it will be distributed to points in need.

Crown Prince Willie tells Canadian prisoners that he intends visiting Canada after the war. And that may come to pass, too. Willie may be a fugitive from the wrath of his own people—a wanderer on the face of the earth.—Hamilton Herald.

Telling an Officer's Rank

"Can you tell an officer's rank by his coat?"

"No. I usually make it out by the number of girls on his arm."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Sun's Brightness

Total Quantity of Light Shed by the Earth's Great Luminary

One of the biggest artificial candles in the world is the 50,000,000 candle-power light installed at the Falls of Niagara. When this gigantic installation was made it was claimed to be the nearest approach to real sunlight ever devised by man, and it is recognized for centuries without the glamor of an official name. It is far more prosaic and unromantic under the title "Office-stool weariness," but it is precisely the same disease. It is the mental ache of weariness that the trivial round and the common task are always threatening to induce. It is the depressing lassitude brought on by routine.

In the early days of the world struggle, bulletins were scattered by enormous crowds and war enthusiasm was fed on cable news. Today it needs the stimulus of a victory on a Gargantuan scale to rouse a semblance of our former heart stirrings. It is thus that we are exposed to the influence of the瓦解力.

What is the remedy? What prophylactic will ward off the fever? In Germany the people are fed on paper victories, and chimes of rejoicing peal from the steeples on the smallest provocation. These are quack potions that can effect no lasting cure. The real remedy lies in creating the enthusiasm that will overcome the depressing sprits. Each task must be an integral part of the war. The saving of a cup of sugar, the economising of a few minutes of an employer's time, must be recognized, with a sense of triumph, a small victory, the cross of the dreariest routine will be refined until it is transmuted into the pure gold of a chivalric adventure.—Montreal Star.

Food Conditions in Holland

Little has been heard recently as to food conditions in Holland. Yet a letter published in a London newspaper states that the Hollanders have big figures to live up to, and that they require 31,500,000,000,000,000 just as powerful as the biggest man has accomplished. So Uncle Sam will have to try again. The Niagara illumination is "some" light but old Sol is equal to 31½ trillions of them!

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The Monitor News

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
W. S. McCULLOCH
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription Rates
Canada \$1.00 per year. Foreign \$1.50
per year in advance.

Advertising Rates

For Sale, Lost and Strayed—Not exceeding one inch space, 50c for first insertion, or 3 for \$1.00.

Transient advertisements—50 cents per inch, in advance.

All changes of advertisements must reach this office by Tuesday noon.

FRIDAY, MARCH the 8th, 1918

Note and Comment

Maple sugar makers never had such a demand to fill as this year. The shortage of cane and beet sugar makes maple products of great use as substitutes.

The responsibility for saving food, so that the national total of eating shall be less, lies largely with the housewife. In fact, the immediate work of helping the Allies by food service falls to her. The growing of a larger supply for the Allies next year is more especially the man's work, and preparations for it should not be delayed until the Spring. Sheer hard work in the home, and then in the field, is the only solution of the difficulties of those who are fighting uncompromisingly for us.

"Food will win the war," Mr. Hoover has said. "Whose food shall win—German or Canadian?"

It doesn't seem right, says the man with the worn-out shoes, that a mere cow can afford to wear all that leather.

This high cost of living is likely to introduce another invention into the kitchen, in the way of a foodless cooker.

Several new booklets have just been issued by the Dept of Agriculture, Ottawa. One, entitled Agricultural Instruction in Canada, gives a review of the work done by the various provinces with the money granted by the Dominion Government.

Another interesting pamphlet is No. 22, on the Feeding and Housing of Swine. This gives plans and specifications of various hog buildings and portable cabins, and also treats on the feeding and fattening of hogs.

Write to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for free copies.

The merchant who advertises tells you, every day, what to expect from him in the way of co-operation in solving your buying problems.

Call in and pay up your past due subscription. Still going for a \$ a year.

The Girl Leaders' Conference to be held in Edmonton April 12th to 14th is already being discussed by pastors, teachers and women's organizations all over Northern Alberta. If you have not happened to hear about it yet, make inquiries.

One of the purposes of this conference is to interest the girls in ideal standard in social, physical, intellectual and religious life. Girls of sixteen years and over are invited to attend the conference.

Address Miss J. F. Montgomery, University of Alberta, Edmonton, for particulars.

Woman's last objection to donning overalls has been overcome, as one can now put ruffles on the hem of an overall as on the hem of a skirt. The war has forced women into men's work, and now that she can take her ruffles with her, she will be happier.

Keeping Faith

O guns, fall silent till the dead men hear
Above their heads the legions press-
ing on;
These fought their fight in time of
bitter fear,
And died not knowing how the day
had gone.

Flashing muskets, pause, and let them
see
The coming dawn that streaks the
sky afar;
Then let your mighty chorus witness
be
To them, and Cesar, that we still
make war.

Tell them O guns, that we have heard
their call,
That we have sworn, and will not
turn aside,
That we will onw-ru till we win or
fall,
That we will keep the faith for which
they died.

Col. J. McCrae

MINOR MINUTES

The U. F. A. meeting, on the 1st, was well attended.

Dan Nelson has been on the sick list for a few days.

We regret to state that Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Earl and family will be leaving our neighborhood soon, having sold their farm at Minor.

About eighty-five guests, including many from Minor, took in the house warming given by Martin and Mrs. Thompson, on Feb. 22nd. Games and dancing was the order of the evening. A sumptuous lunch was served at midnight.

J. HANSON

Contractor and Builder.

Plans and Specifications
Furnished.

All Work Guaranteed.

MONITOR : ALTA.

Rev. W. S. Wickenden, B. A.
will conduct Divine Service (D.
V.) on Sunday next, as follows:
Monitor 11 a.m.

**Star
Restaurant**

Charlie Yee Prop.

Board and Rooms**Meals at all Hours**

Fruit, Cigars and
Soft Drinks

Mail & Train Service

Outgoing Mail
To points West and East
daily, except Sunday.

Incoming Mail
From the East and West
daily, except Sunday.

Westbound train leaves daily,
except Sunday, at 8:01 a. m.
Eastbound train leaves daily,
except Sunday, at 8:16 p. m.

REMOVAL

J. Hamer has moved his stock
to the new building across from
the Butcher Shop.

A full line of
**Harness Saddles Blankets
Collars Sleigh Bells Pullovers
Gloves Suitcases Fancy Leather
Goods Harness Hardware
Hames Chains**

**Anything in the Saddlery line
We have it**

J. HAMER

**A Truck for the Farmer**

FARM equipment which will effect a time and labor-saving, and therefore a money-saving, must be carefully considered by every good farmer now-a-days.

The farm wagon, which for years was the most useful of all farm equipment, is now being replaced on the best farms by a sturdy, dependable motor truck. The truck will haul any farm product—fruit, grain, vegetables, stock, fertilizer, or wood—around the farm, or to the town or city many miles distant, in half the time, and at a much lower cost.

The Ford One-Ton truck is a rapid, economical and very serviceable means of transport. One of these on your farm will save you weeks of time in a single season and will enable you to pass through a crisis of labor shortage with less difficulty.

The Ford truck is supplied as a chassis only. This permits you to select any of the many body styles especially designed for the Ford truck and already on the market. Thus you can mount the one which suits your individual requirements.

Price \$750 f.o.b. Ford, Ont.



Three of the many body styles that may be mounted on the Ford truck chassis

Charles B. Horsch -- Dealer -- Monitor

Carmen's Messenger

BY HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

By and by he went to the smoking room and lit his cigarette. He thought over what Carmen had said to him. At first she had seemed anxious to find out something about Featherstone, but he was not surprised at this. Carmen liked to know as much as possible about everybody she met, and used her knowledge cleverly when it was to her advantage. The other matter was more puzzling and he wondered why she wanted to send a packet secretly to a man as secret as her father. She might, of course, be a captain, because there was a good of mystery, but, as a rule, Carmen had a practical object for what she did. She had stated that they had friends in England, and this might mean that she had a lover. Perhaps she had exaggerated her age, and in this case, Featherstone might feel it would not be a great drawback if the man were powerful and rich. Carmen was rather ambitious than romantic.

Her plans, however, were not his business, and he felt no jealousy. He liked Carmen and had some respect for her abilities, but he thought he would sooner marry her, even if she were willing, which was most improbable. Since he had promised to take the packet, he would do so and say nothing about the matter.

He left the hall early, and driving home found his partner sitting by the stove.

"What's the news at the reunion?" Featherstone asked.

Foster said he was there, and Featherstone resumed thoughtfully: "It's curious he hasn't come to the mill yet, but if he doesn't turn up before Thursday, he'll be too late. I'll have to start off early in the afternoon train, and as there's no use in spoiling a good plan for a few dollars, I'll buy a ticket and check my baggage to Ottawa. Then I'll get off at Streton Creek, where I won't have long to wait if the west-bound train's on time. You can express my things on from Ottawa. The Montreal express stops about an hour."

"That ought to throw Daly off the track," Foster agreed, and they talked about something else.

IV.

The First Adventure

It was about ten o'clock at night and the Montreal express sped through the lonely forests of North Ontario. The train was light, for there were few passengers on board and the road was by no means good, but in spite of jolting Foster enjoyed his part in one of the smoking compartment at the end of a car. A colored porter had told him his berth in the sleeper was ready, Featherstone had left the train, and most of the passengers were already in bed. Foster did not care to follow them, however. For a time he had done with business, and was on his way to England. He relished the unusual sense of freedom.

A half moon shone down upon the rugged wilderness, and he could see the sharp peaks of the hills lurching and he heard the great locomotive snort on the inclines. Now and then there was a roar as they sped across a bridge, and water glimmered among the rocks below; after that the train rolled into a steady clatter and a soothing throb of wheels. The car was warm, and Foster, who had given the porter his overcoat, was lighting another cigarette when a man came in and sat down opposite. He looked hard at Foster, who quickly returned his gaze. The man was about his own height but some years older, and his expression was disturbed.

Foster felt interested. He had faced danger in the northern wilderness, where he had risked starvation and travelled on frozen rivers when the Indians scalped up beside him and had once or twice been involved in savage fights about disputed mining claims, and knew how men looked when they bore a heavy strain. He thought the stranger was afraid but was not a coward.

"I'm going to Ottawa, aren't you? I heard you talking to your friend," said the man.

"I'm going to Montreal, but don't see what that has to do with you."

The other made a sign of impatience. "Well, I dare say you can be trusted, and I've got to take a risk."

MURINE Granulated Eye Salve.
Sore Eyes, Eyes inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Salve. Eyes with Itchy Eyes. No Smearing, Just Eye Comfort.
At Your Druggist's or by Mail. Price 25c. Postage 5c.
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W. N. U. 1197

"It is a risk to trust a man you don't know," Foster rejoined. "But how can I help?"

"I'll just sit here, cover my coat and cap and stay here, reading the Witness, for about ten minutes."

"Holding the newspaper in front of my face, I suppose? Well, I rather an unusual request, and I don't know a little more, but there's a secret on the wall and you expect me to hold his attention while you hide or try to jump off the train, I must refuse."

The stranger smiled. "I've wired for the police to meet me at Ottawa; the trouble is that I may not get there. That will allow me a long explanation, but there are men on board who'd stop at nothing to prevent my arrival. In fact, to some extent, I'm putting my life in your hands."

Foster looked at him, surprised. He had not expected an adventure of this kind on a Canadian Pacific train, but did not think the other was exaggerating.

"How many men?" he asked.

"I've seen one, but know there are more."

"I probably not tell the conductor and have the train searched?"

"It wouldn't work. I might find one enemy, but I'd warn the others that I was on my guard, and to let them think I suspect no danger is the best chance I have. The conductor will kick his way up the train and I'm going to see if he can get me into the express car. It's the only safe place; the clerks are armed. Well, my business is lawful and in the public interest and I take you for patriotic citizen."

Foster thought he must decide quickly. Somehow he did not doubt the man, who kept his eyes on the door as if he expected somebody to come in. Moreover, he expected to be met by the police at Ottawa.

"It looks as if I'd run my risk when I put on your coat," he said. "The man's trying to get into the car, and if you keep the door open he'll be safe while he's about. Besides, if I can't get into the express car, I'll come back. Give me ten minutes, and then, if I don't turn up and you feel uneasy, go up the coat and take the newspaper off."

"Very well," said Foster. "Perhaps you had better take my hat." The stranger gave him his heavy coat. "I'll ask you for it at Ottawa. You're going to Montreal. What's your name?"

Save Food

In a time needing food economy many people are not getting all the nourishment they might from their food.

It is not how much you eat, but how much you assimilate, that does you good.

The addition of a small teaspoonful of Borvital to the diet as a peptogenic before meals leads to more thorough digestion and assimilation and thus saves food, for you need less.

5-18A

Foster told him and he resumed:

"Then if you don't see me stop at the Windsor, where I can telegraph in a day or two. You're repaid for any expense or inconvenience. Well, I'm going. Thanks!"

"Good-luck!" said Foster, who sat down and opened the Witness.

Now he was alone, he began to wonder if he had been imposed upon. The man, however, did not look like a criminal though alarmed, he made a sort of queer noise. In some sense, it seemed absurd that he should think himself in danger. Violence was not common in Canada, where the carrying of weapons was prohibited, and Foster had never heard of a sensational crime in the big expresses. Still he thought the man would not be afraid without good cause.

To Be Continued.)

A resolution of confidence in the food controller was passed at a meeting held in Brandon, Manitoba, under the auspices of the Local Council of Women.

Palm trees have been known to live for 250 years.

Improvements in Egg Production

A Few Poor Birds Greatly Reduce the Average of the Good Ones

The efforts of the layer stock should not only be concentrated upon present production, but upon means and methods of increasing future production. Improvements in this line necessitate a close study of the individual, for it is the individual which makes the average, and a few poor birds greatly reduce the average of the good ones. In a flock of 100 hens it will be found that on the average 10 to 30 per cent. rarely lay an egg during the profitable months of the year, and another small percentage may be found to be the remainder are fairly good layers. The only way is to weed out the poor layers and keep only the best. It often pays better to take one hundred hens out of a flock of one hundred and fifty, after which, with less labor, one can get nearly as many eggs, and a much more profitable yield per bird.

Where the selection is not made, the poor birds are fed at the expense of the better ones. Improvement can come largely through the following factors: (1) Bird selection at the end of the pullet year, and the mating of a breeding pen from the best birds. (2) By producing relatively early hatchets and selecting rigidly throughout the season, keeping only the best youngsters for future production.

How to Avoid a Cold

The idea is to make every muscle of the body tense. The hands can be kept straight at the sides, with the muscles perfectly rigid. Every muscle of the body should be rigid, and it is not comfortable to sit still. In this sense, it seemed absurd that he should think himself in danger. Violence was not common in Canada, where the carrying of weapons was prohibited, and Foster had never heard of a sensational crime in the big expresses. Still he thought the man would not be afraid without good cause.

Then we would remember those points when we feel a chill or a draft we have the word of our physician that we need not fear a cold.

—Regina Leader.

Auto-Stop SAFETY RAZOR

On Time

In the army everything must be done on schedule. You can save time and appear on parade looking smarter if you have shaved with an Auto-Stop Safety Razor. Its smooth shaving qualities are such that no rough places are left nor is there any after-shaving unpleasantness.

The only razor that sharpens its own blades automatically.

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46-18

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Use Sani-Wrappers It Pays



Your cus'omers will appreciate your care and cleanliness as your parcel their purchases or meats, butter, bread and vegetables in Appleford's Sani-Wrappers.

Particular trade goes to the store that is careful of the details of cleanliness and appearance.

Ask your Jobber for Appleford's Sani-Wrappers, or write us direct for samples and prices.

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Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

HUNS ADVOCATING PREPAREDNESS FOR THE GREAT WAR TO FOLLOW

SAY THAT GREAT BRITAIN MUST BE CONQUERED

Recent German Publications Show the Effect the Sword-Rattlers Are Having on the Minds of the People in Enemy Countries, For Whom Peace Talk has no Real Meaning

Sword rattling has been elevated into a religion in Germany, writes Julian Grande from Berne, Switzerland, to the New York Times, and he warns those persons who want "peace by understanding" that Germany, far from being satisfied the war spirit is actually educating her people to the necessity of another war to follow this one.

This "next war" literature advocates six main ideas concerning the desirability of war for itself. They are:

(1) War and its good moral influence are praised and enthusiastically dwelt upon especially because of the hope of such assistance in promoting civilization.

(2) The idea of universal peace is scoffed at and contempt poured upon advocates.

(3) Every possible argument is adduced for the increase of armaments after the war.

(4) Certain of these publications stand forth to assert that preparations must already be begun for this future war.

(5) Definite proposals are made concerning methods of preparation for the "next war."

The most zealous of the German sword-rattlers are the German professors. Professor Rudolph Eucken of Jena argues that war and civilization are not opposed as might appear to the case. This learned doctor asserts that war destroys all that is good and true in life; it preserves people from artificiality and effeminacy; it causes the regeneration of mankind and the rejuvenation of civilization.

Another man, Professor E. Brundenburg, in a book called "Germany's" Aim in the War, published only a few years ago, conciliates the world's history follows natural laws and not ethical laws. This gentleman is of the opinion that a court of law for the decision of international disputes would be a serious obstacle to healthy progress. After all war necessarily must be waged to insure her futures. "In future Germany must be more strongly armed than ever, both at sea and on land."

Other German professors write in the same strain. One of them says that "pacifism must be abandoned." German peace cannot be too strongly warned against pacifism. This gentleman adds the following sations: "What we want is not to make moral conquests in the world, but that the world should feel the power between individual human beings love in the supest basis for union and peace, but between individual nations it is force and force only."

A commercial authority, in a book called "Peace Time Problems," points out that Britain must conquer and bring low. Britain will be the object of Germany's next war.

German divines, far from condemning this doctrine, are quite in accord with it. A collection of fourteen war sermons, published in 1917, actually contains the assertion that "we Germans" can advance only by the "force of our arms."

All this literature has been gathered and its trend noted in a publication issued by Dr. F. Litschitz, a professor in Berlin University, Switzerland. He shows, in his article, how Germany is educating the Teutonic mind as to the necessity of further wars to follow the present one, is already being put into active operation. As the writer in the New York Times points out, nothing by "derating" means nothing more than a German peace, and a German peace means a more or less temporary armistice to last until Germany has completed her preparations for the "next war."

"She hasn't kept pace with her husband."

"What do you mean? hasn't she been able to spend his money as fast as his salary was raised?"—Detroit Free Press.

"Castles in the Air"

Viennese Paper Says Hope of a Peace Imposed by the World Is Fallowing

Proofs multiply of the war weariness and disillusionment of Austrians. The cables report an outbreak of criticism of the war party, but this is nothing new. In November out of the principal Viennese papers, Die Zeit, in an article entitled "Castles in the Air," discusses as well as futile and incapable of accomplishment the program of the war party in Germany and Austria.

Any one, says the Zeit, who, like so many persons in Germany today, but fortunately, not so many in Austria, still believes in the possibility of victory by force and the sword must have profited absolutely not at all by the lessons of this war. A peace dictated by Austria and Germany to the rest of the world, which would have come out of the other powers' fatigues. At the outset of the war, says the Zeit, it was not unreasonable to have hoped for an Austro-German peace imposed by force. "Above all, we had then far fewer avowed enemies than we have now, as is admitted with complete frankness by the leaders in the war party in Austria and Germany hoped to win neutrals to their way of thinking. Germany, in particular, laid herself out, with no less zeal than confidence to win neutrals to her cause, firmly convinced that if only they were sufficiently explained to them neutrals would undoubtedly turn to us, and especially to Germany."

"Most hopes of all were built upon America, which was considered as the leading power among neutrals, and with its help it was hoped to convert the neutrals. Bales upon bales of propaganda writings were despatched to neutral countries for the time of scarcity of paper had not arrived. . . . It was all of no avail. We have not won over a single neutral country. On the contrary, Die Zeit, even contrarian, which has hitherto remained neutral, are no longer able to conceal their aversion to our cause and their positive hatred of the Germans."

Another "castle in the air" was the notion that the central empires were self-sufficient and did not need trade or communications with the rest of the world. "We were assured," says Die Zeit, "by all those whom it irreverently stigmatizes as fools, that Turkey would supply us with the quantities of raw materials; that Egypt had immense supplies of cotton; that in Anatolia there were unlimited stocks of wheat and minerals, finally, that everything any one could possibly want was to be had in abundance in Mesopotamia."

"The chief task of the Egyptian campaign was that Turkey had first to reconquer Egypt from England. A disadvantage of the Anatolian wheat and ore was the absence of means of transport, while the somewhat slender roads of the Mesopotamian supplies of "everything" was that Mesopotamia first required irrigation, and, secondly, that the British were there, sitting tight, and apparently destined to move."

Finally, there was a third "castle in the air" cast upon the back of the battle-weary soldiers.

After the war, Die Zeit clearly perceives that "We Austrians" will have

"to resume commercial relations with our enemies, avowed and unavowed, but it is no more possible to compel these than to compel them."

Good Night, Ladies!"

Americans in the Trenches are Not to Be Set Dreaming of Fair Unknowns

General Pershing has put a ban on women in his army. That the Soldiers' Godmothers' League, ceases its organized attempt to introduce into the American army the institution of Fileuil and Marraine. He adduces as his chief reason that the correspondence between lonely soldiers and French maid-servants on our side of the water would clog the transport of necessary mail and supplies. His secondary reason is that he does not want his soldiers corresponding with strange women. Perhaps he means to imply that information used to be obtained might be obtained in this manner. Perhaps he is thinking of the proprieties. In any case, the American army and people are to be robbed of a highly picturesque feature of the war. Men in the trenches are not to be set dreaming of fair unknowns. ladies of all ages are not to have the fun of getting some huge bear of a person three thousand miles away. General Pershing has taken the joy out of army letters. On the other hand, he has reduced the possibility of disillusionment when Fileuil meets Marraine.—New York Evening Post.

Chinamen still observe the religious ceremony of "feeding the dead." The food intended as a propitiatory offering to the Chinese dead has the reduced possibility of disillusionment when Marraine meets Fileuil.

The crop threshed out 900 lbs. of good seed, and it is estimated that the value of the alfalfa straw will nearly cover the cost of production, so that the seed at present prices should yield a good profit.

TIME IS WORKING HAND IN HAND WITH THE CAUSE OF THE ALLIES

IN THE MATTER OF THE ECONOMIC STRAIN

If the Allies Can Successfully Pass Through the Straits of the Present Winter, Increased Man-Power and Resources Should Prove the Winning Factor in the Great World Struggle

What a Hun Officer Saw

Enemy Troops Have Terrifying Experience Dodging British Shells

The following extracts from the diary of an officer in charge of a relieving company of German infantry are added with interest:

"It is raining, and very dark. Forward march at ease, and the company starts at the road.

"Platoons march separately, at one hundred yards distance, as the road is not safe.

"There is little shelling and every one along with his thoughts.

"We are passing through a pretty and fairly large town. Not a soul at the windows, which have no panes. Here and there a house destroyed by shell fire. Our footstep echo mournfully on the pavement."

"Violent shells makes the air queer as we cross the market place, which has been torn by shells.

"We have reached the cross roads where the road branches. We turn down from here, and the order is given, 'In single file, right turn.'

"Each man takes his position behind us, and we form one long line."

"It is wiser to march this way, as this is we present less of a target. Ten minutes later a six-inch shell explodes behind us with a terrific crash,

"The shell flies on, exploding a trail of light in its flight. A second shell falls thirty yards in front of us in a farmyard. I give the order, 'At the double,' and we start running."

"Left and right shells are falling, and it appears to us that the English are firing at us. So do shell and shrapnel guns, we often exploding a bare ten yards from us on our heads."

"At the double all the time, 'I urge on the men, who, laden with their heavy packs, run like a swat, and crawl, and staggered in exhaustion.'

"How the air crackles, hisses bows and whines when a heavy shell cleaves it. Involuntarily everyone stops dead, waiting for it to explode in our midst."

"We pass three battery pits—that is to say, they used to be garrisoned dugouts; now they are destroyed, having been blown up at the time of the great retreat in this area. Our heavies could not be brought back over the shell-torn ground, so that they had to be destroyed."

"We all believed that the English would push on further, but they contented themselves with the high ground. They have a wonderful position there, leaving us destroyed shelter and dugouts to the south of us."

"We are exhausted. The tanks have relieved our start back. These dugouts are dark caves and holes. No one can lie down in them, or even stretch out their legs. Everyone wants to get under shelter. Everyone crumples together in a corner."

"It is wretchedly cold—"

"Here an end. Our people took the diarist before he wrote any more."

Alfalfa Seed Is Grown in British Columbia

Seed experts who have visited the Okanagan Valley, British Columbia, in the last two years have suggested that this climate should lend itself excellently to seed-raising. It has already been demonstrated what can be done in selecting and saving corn for seed, and in carrying on a successful experiment with alfalfa seed saving has just been completed at Kelowna, British Columbia. Last year Casoro Bros. saved a small plot of alfalfa for seed and this year reserved a field of about three acres for that purpose. The crop has just been harvested by the government seed-bullers and the results are very satisfactory.

The crop threshed out 900 lbs. of good seed, and it is estimated that the value of the alfalfa straw will nearly cover the cost of production, so that the seed at present prices should yield a good profit.

Horse Breeders' Club

In Western Canada there are approximately 70 Horse Breeders' Clubs with federal assistance; 45 of these are in Manitoba, about 40 in Saskatchewan, and about 15 in Alberta. It is expected that these great many will be formed in various districts this winter, since those that have been inaugurated are so enthusiastic over the results obtained.

There is the factor of which too much has been made in the past and not nearly enough is made in the present. It is the economic factor.

Both sides of the western front struggle, even if we only now consider them as the western alliance vs. the central empires, are under a great economic strain. Labor has been withdrawn from the fields on either side of the aisle, and over seas supplies but finds communication by sea increasingly difficult. Each might argue, if it were a question of merely pleading one's own case, that the other was under a greater economic strain than he. But the fact remains that whereas the Allies remain complete resources, though their resources have to be husbanded and regulated—the central empires have incomplete resources; they are derived from tropical products of every kind. They cannot get rubber, for instance, they are and will remain short of important materials of which the most important is fats, both for lubrication and for food; fats they will continue to lack in a degree far greater than we lack them.

Again, the mere man-power for production, which is far above the man-power necessary for the field, is heavily in favor of the Allies. It is true that the United States cannot keep any very large force in Europe, because a very large force, 3,000 miles from its source of supply, would require a correspondingly large amount of tonnage (say six tons a man) and the tonnage does not yet exist. But what the Allies have got is a margin or overplus of human beings able to mine, to forge, to carpenter, to plow, and the rest, much greater than the central empires, even with the population they have enslaved, can discover.

The conclusion is that though for

some little time to come the western alliance will again be thrown—short of political accidents which cannot be foreseen in the defense, its margin of supply upon which everything ultimately depends is greater and will more and more be greater, than that of its enemy. The enemy knows that, and Allied public opinion should be instructed upon it.

The conclusion is that the Asiatic city the straits of the present winter the next year should be in our favor.

From Land and Water.

British Farmers are After Sports

Are sheep to be sacrificed to grouse? The question is raised by a writer in the British Agricultural Gazette, and it is asked, "Is the keeper object strongly to shepherds claiming the right to a free pass over the moors. Thousands of sheep, the writer adds, 'are bluffed off their natural feeding grounds.'

But there are prospects that this state of affairs may be remedied as the result of the agitation through Britain.

From Chapel-en-le-Frith to Doncaste, meetings have been held to consider the matter, and these local efforts, supported by the Sheep Breeders' association, give promise that this folly, committed in the name of sport, will be ended now.

And it is to be hoped, for all time.

Japan's Trade

Reaping the benefit of the elimination of Germany from commercial competition, Japan has enjoyed great prosperity during the last two years.

She has now entered the piano field, and is now competing on an equal basis.

At the price of one hundred and thirty-five dollars. Five hundred pianos have been exported to Australia.

It has been found that typewriting on parchment does not deteriorate. Its seeds deposited within very recent years are legible, and several lines have completely disappeared.

COPENHAGEN CHEWING TOBACCO

Simply Place It in The Mouth Between Lower Lip and Gum.

This is the way to enjoy the flavor and satisfaction out of every pinch of Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco.

You see, "Copenhagen" is made of the best, old, high flavored leaf tobacco.

The snuff process—by which the leaf tobacco is converted into tiny grains, and rendered perfectly—retains all the good of the tobacco.

Those who are trying "Copenhagen" for the first time, should remember to use only a small quantity, and to place the pinch in the mouth between the lower lip and the gum, without any effort at chewing it.

"It's the most economical chew."

Transient Ads.**STRAYED**

A dark red cow and a two year old heifer with white face. Both branded WL on flank. Reward for information leading to recovery.

H. McCarron

HORSES FOR SALE

Forty head of horses for sale, all good, sound work horses. Apply to T. Martin Monitor Section 2364

OATS FOR SALE

A quantity of feed oats for sale. Apply to Alberta Pacific Grain Co. M. A. Vanhorn, Agent. 44

SEED OATS

For Sale, a quantity of high germinating oats.

A. G. Kempton
1 mile E. and 3½ S. of Monitor**LOST**

Black gelding, about 6 years old, 1350 lbs; mane roached. Lost about middle of December. \$20 reward for information leading to recovery.

Glenn M. Beamer 18-34-4

FOR SALE

Snap for Quick Sale
10 x 20 Titan Engine, 3 Furrow Oliver Plow; 20 x 32 New Racine Thresher with Feeder and Blower. The above complete cheap for cash or will trade for stock. I have also Seed Flax for sale.

T. C. Harley, Monitor, Alta.

TENDERS WANTED

Tenders are called for a Dipping Vat for the R. M. of Stewart, No. 302.

Plans and specifications can be had from B. R. Cramer. Tenders close on March 10th, 1918. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. Partridge, Reeve.

TEACHER WANTED

Lady teacher wanted for Gregerson, S. D. No. 3244. Second or third class. Duties to begin forthwith. Salary \$780 per annum.

Mrs. Alf Anderson, Sec-Treas
Monitor, Alta.**FOR SALE**

I have several excellent geldings for sale, at the right prices. All warrant good work horses.

K. G. Wiles 34-34-4 Monitor

ESTRAY

One the premises of R. W. Ridley, 16-364-w4, Sounding Lake P. O.

1 bay mare, weight 1100 lbs, 5 years old, right hind leg white, star on forehead. Had halter on.

1 bay colt, 2 years old, star on forehead, clipped mane and foretop, hind feet white. No visible brands.

RED CROSS

Regular meeting held Mar. 1, at the home of Mrs. A. Grace.

Work meeting held: Soxi: Mrs. Foster, 1 pr; Mrs. Houston, 1 pr; Mrs. Deadmarsh, 1 pr; Mrs. McCulloch, 1 pr. Sewing: Mrs. Lawrence, 3 many-tailed band-

ages; Mrs. Pryor, 10 slings; Mrs. McCulloch, 20 hospital handkerchiefs. Work done at meeting: 11 binders, 11 hospital handkerchiefs, 2 many-tailed handbags.

New members: Messrs. G. C. Evans, G. Smith, Mrs. W. Atkin, Miss Phylis Atkin.

There were 15 members out at the last meeting.

NOTICE TO STEAM ENGINEERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that examinations will be held at the undermentioned places by John Douglas, a duly appointed Inspector of Steam Boilers for the Province of Alberta:

Provost, March the 8th, Provost Hotel, Monitor, March the 15th, Monitor Hotel, Coronation, March the 19th, Royal Hotel at 9 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of giving Engineers and Apprentices an opportunity of qualifying for Certificates under the provisions of "The Boilers Act," 1912.

Persons not already registered in the Province who may desire application forms, can obtain same by applying to the Department, or to the above named Inspector, and such application form must be properly filled out, witnessed, and declared to before a Commissioner or Justice of the Peace before an examination can be granted.

L. C. CHARLESWORTH, Deputy Minister, Department of Public Works, Edmonton, Alta.

STONELAW U. F. A.

Stonelaw Local meets 1st and 3rd Friday of each month.

There will be a meeting in the Stonelaw School at 7 p. m. on Wednesday, March 13th, to organize a U. F. W. A. The U. F. A. will provide the entertainment and refreshments providing some of the ladies bring a cake. Mrs. Dowler of the U. F. W. A. will address the ladies and assist in organizing. Rev. Wickenden will give an illustrated lecture. All members and others urged to attend.

Monitor Laundry

First Class Work
Guaranteed

Sam Lee : Jim Woo**Your Stationery**

is your silent representative. If you sell fine goods that are up-to-date in style and of superior quality it ought to be reflected in your printing. We produce the kind that you will not be ashamed to have represent you. That is the only kind it pays to send out. Send your orders to this office.

**HONOR ROLL
OF
MONITOR VOLUNTEERS**

Names of those who enlisted from this district:

Anderson Roy
Beatson Walt *
Beesley J. O.
Brocklesby J. W.
Bryans R. T.
Blackley C. E.
Bishop Jack
Crisp Charley
Collier
Clark R.
Connah J. A.
Cutts George
Gross Jack
Connell Dave
Connell Ralph
Cunningham L. C.
Crosswell J.

Deacon Frank
Deacon Albert
Deacon Fred
Duncan F.

Edwards Bob
Filepelnak Carl
Ford J. L. O.
Fraser S. *Fisher Ivan *

Gardner Cecil W. *
Gillespie J.
Goodman Carl
Greenbank R. *

Harrison R. J. *

Hylund

Harvey J.

Herity Fred

Henessey A.

Hayes Lyle

Harrison C. W.

Hermison C.

Johnson, Harvey

Johnson Harry S.

Kay Jeff. W.

King D. S.

LaDuke Jas.

Livingston Robert

Lyon Fred

McDonald Hugh

Martin Thomas

McNish J. T.

McCulloch Jas. A.

McFavish Jack

McNair Andy

Moore J. W.

Manson John *

Mitts J.

Noad J. S.

Osborne John

Palmer Bill *

Palmer George

Purdy Walter *

Piper F. H.

Plumb Martin

Ryckman Gilbert

Robson S.

Rogers N. R.

Spencer W. A.

Shannon Alvin

Smith Alex

Stewart (Pat) Claude

Smith Marion

Sinclair Archie

Tkehanko Jack

Walker A. E.

Wright J. L.

Whitney Phillip

Whitney George

Walker R. L.

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stable

**The Best Livery and Feed Stable
in the Village**

**Draying of all classes done at
Moderate Prices.**

Mack MacDonald, Prop.

INSURANCE

**Fire, Accident, Sickness
Automobile.**

**Agent for C. P. R. and Hudsons Bay
LANDS**

**Town Lots Real Estate
W. S. McCULLOCH MONITOR**

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WE CAN DO IT**

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Bills of Fare
Ball Programs
Bill Heads
Blotters
Booklets
By-Laws
Envelopes
Letter Heads
Milk Tickets
Collecting Notices
Pamphlets
Posters
Receipts
Wedding Stationery

Artistic Job Printing our Specialty

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

NO MAN'S LAND A STRANGE PLACE NOT SHOWN ON PUBLISHED MAPS

OF ENORMOUS AREA MEASURED IN SQUARE MILES

Not the Narrow Strip of Territory of Popular Fancy, and It is a Shifting Country Which Almost all the While is Moving Gradually Towards Germany

There is a country, not far distant from Switzerland, similar to no other who walk in its misty country across whose spaces many eyes are gazing, regretfully or longingly, at this moment—a country seldom trodden, albeit, perhaps, thronged by strange ghosts—a country as real and solid as the street outside your window, but which has never been marked upon no published maps.

It is an enormous country, in actual area, though long and narrow in shape. It is in Europe. It has a name—a tragic name, famed the whole world over. Open your atlas and turn to the page called "Flanders," and you will search vainly for that name. For the name—given for the saddest three syllables in history—is No Man's Land.

No Man's Land stretches from Switzerland to the sea. If you ever, in the dear, bygone days, enjoyed one of those tours to Lucerne, you travelled along (at least the part) what is now No Man's Land. You looked forth from the Ostend-to-Bale express at smiling, diligently cultivated fields, which then were Someone's Land. Now they are a smattering of open pits, and the great emulsion of shell holes punctuated here and there with prone, ragged things that once were men. High in the welkin overhead the airplanes whir. But there are other, and invisible wings, too, always hovering—the dark pines, now, always hovering—and not always kindly.

Why it is known not, but the people who stay at home seem invariably to picture No Man's Land as a flat desert, or, at most, slightly undulating, and bare to the horizon. The curious thing about No Man's Land is that it is the scene of some scenery. At the Swiss end, it is monotonous—as you went on that trip to "Lovely Lucerne" you won't need to be reminded. Further west, at many points, it consists of pleasant valleys. Sometimes No Man's Land is a wood, comprising one or more glades. Sometimes, by a queer freak of Nature, it includes a village or a factory, or mine. Sometimes it is an ocean of mud. And in Flanders it isn't No Man's Land at all, but No Man's Water—for there is its queerest area, the vast artificial lagoons, by the coast, the flooded pastures, whose surface, in winter, when winter weather freezes them, become perilous in their new form of ice, ice which is incessantly kept broken by artillery dropping shells not on the glassy floor across which the foot might steal, it is fired and sent to break again.

And we enquire No Man's Land as a narrow ribbon. In places it is narrow, but in other places it is wide. Measure it up—its length and its breadth, and its ins and outs—and you will discover by a simple measurement that No Man's Land is of enormous area measured in square miles. But here, again, is something odd about this country marked on no published maps—it varies in size, and it even varies in whereabouts. It is a shifting, very slowly shifting land, and almost all the time shifting in one direction—towards Germany!

Sometimes it is a country of deafening noise. Sometimes it is a country untroubled by feet of man for weeks or months. And one day it is a country quickly invaded by thousands of men, and it is after those days that you find that No Man's Land has made one of its mysterious shifts, northwards, or eastwards or westwards—but never southwards. And what was No Man's Land is now Someone's Land again—the Someone being for the present

ent, a gentleman rejoicing in the name of Atkins.

Shortage is More Acute

Bread Ration in France Has to Be Reduced Again

Information received at the food controller's office indicates that the shortage of wheat in France is becoming more and more alarming. A further reduction of twenty per cent in the bread ration will soon become imperative, according to M. Maurice Long, minister for general reviving of France. The manufacture and consumption of pastry, regarded as a luxury, has been entirely prohibited since January 1, except on Sundays and holidays.

In Denmark a reduction of the wheat ration is anticipated. The cereal harvest, according to final figures, is only about 62,000,000 bushels, which is 20,000,000 bushels less than 1915, and about 10,000,000 less than was estimated in the summer when the people were put on bread rations.

The food situation in Switzerland is extremely serious. A new ration, far below the consumption even in times of peace, has been ordered. The new regulations allow only one-and-one-half pounds of sugar per month. The bread ration is only half a pound a day and butter ration one-fifth of a pound per month.

An Opportunity For Returned Soldiers

Can Get Farm Experience This Year at Good Wages

Both the United Farmers of Alberta and the Grain Growers' association of Saskatchewan intend to use every effort to secure returned soldiers for work on the farms of those two provinces during the present year. What will be the attitude of the returning soldiers? It is said that those who contemplate taking up land themselves but who hitherto have known nothing of agriculture, will get an insight into that industry if they elect to go laboring on the prairie farms for a season. We think it is highly probable that the returning soldiers will be extended to returned soldiers in British Columbia to go to Saskatchewan or Alberta to help out with this year's harvest. Any man who is qualified to drive a team of horses will be able to earn \$75 a month and his wife will be paid for absolutely skilled labor. The farmers of both provinces are anxious to interest the returned soldiers in the gathering of the harvest. Perhaps it is a selfish desire from one angle because there is still a shortage of labor, but then the farm workers are to be paid well and can learn the rudiments of agriculture which should prove of benefit to those who have determined to take up land—Victoria Colonist.

A Chance for Canada

The Washington government is advertising for the prettiest girl in America to go to the pictures to be used on war posters. Here's our chance to help out our big friendly neighbor—Montreal Star.

It's a matter that ought to be investigated."

"What's the use of investigating?" inquired Senator Borgham, weakly. "What's the use of going out any time additionally? We know more now than we have time to attend to."—Washington Star.

"Canada leads the world in per capita production of wheat. Our production is 1/2 bushel per head of the population. Argentina comes next with 56½ bushels, and the United States third with 45½ bushels—Vancouver World.

Militarism Does Not Pay

People of the Central Powers Beginning to Realize the Futility of War Aims

The governments of the central powers are employing all their arts to satisfy the peoples whom they rule that the system of combined "central" bureaucracies has triumphed. The peoples must be taught that "the system does not pay." Peace cannot be made until we have indisputable evidence of their conversion. That is the gist of Mr. Asquith's policy, as it is the gist of ours. The best argument there is a good deal of evidence to show that the peoples may be not altogether unwilling to learn the lesson, it remains highly distasteful to the court cliques and to the military and bureaucratic caste. The more intelligent sections of the classes remain in their hearts that it must be ended, but they strive to defer that day of doom to themselves and to their order. The more stupid and less informed, particularly in the armies, are still blind to its advent. It will take time to effect this. Give this morning that Herr Dernburg, a simple and assistant in America, realizes the truth. Prof. Bonn perceives that America has only to cut off Germany's supplies from overseas to make her future recovery impossible. President Wilson, he remarks, will then cancel the German victory on all the battlefields and even cause the smashing of England." There is reason to believe that the justice of this view is recognized—with what tremors and anxiety it may be supposed—in the German army.

That Doubtless it has also dawned upon Vienna, where it may well cause搜查 of heart more poignant even than those experienced in Berlin. Count Czernin knows that, if the central powers are visited by a general shortage at peace, as he is, the strength of the allies who will remain the worse off. Germany is not the power to forget that the skin is closer than the shirt, or to sacrifice her own interests for a vasal whom she has exhausted.

But in Italy it is the cue of Vienna and of Berlin to do most of the present situation, to enlarge upon the weakness of Russia and to brag about their successes in Italy. Count Czernin talks no more of the beauties of the peace note and the Cologne Gazette remarks with satisfaction that "Germany has now freed from the bonds" of the peace resolution of July. Count Czernin is as ready to fight for Strassburg as for Trieste. He scoffs at the "persons of childish mind" in entente countries who dream that their enemies can be separated from Germany. The German people are allowed to know that the chancellor has made statements about the self-determination of Poles, Lithuanians and Courlanders—those of the Liberal manufacturer calling them to do not what these statements were. To disclose them might be fatal to the negotiations with the Russian Maximalists which are enabling Hindenburg to reinforce his lines in France and Italy. The question of "self-determination" is the question of revolution in Russia, as the Liberal manufacturer calling them to do not what these statements were.

The food situation in Switzerland is extremely serious. A new ration, far below the consumption even in times of peace, has been ordered. The new regulations allow only one-and-one-half pounds of sugar per month. The bread ration is only half a pound a day and butter ration one-fifth of a pound per month.

The other day the United States dipped into Great Britain's shoe reservoir, came up with 100,000 pairs of shoes and it did not even make a dent in the supply. One day's work at full capacity would have replaced the shoes. All there were still 3,500,000 pairs in the reservoir.

Great Britain has been on top of the army shoe problem since January 1915. At one time there were five million pairs in storage. For just one short period in May, 1916, the stock fell off to less than 800,000 pairs, so that it came to a tremendous call from Russia.

Between November, 1914, and November, 1917, there were supplied to the army 24,500,000 pairs of shoes, 1,500,000 pairs of service boots, and 1,300,000 pairs of rubber boots. In addition, 10,000,000 pairs of shoes have been sent to Russia, 3,000,000 pairs to Italy and smaller amounts to Romania and Serbia.

Where Canada Leads

Canada leads the world in per capita production of wheat. Our production is 1/2 bushel per head of the population. Argentina comes next with 56½ bushels, and the United States third with 45½ bushels—Vancouver World.

HORRIBLE ATROCITIES OF GERMANS INFILCTED ON PRISONERS OF WAR

WOUNDED BRITISH OFFICERS ARE TORTURED

Sir Conan Doyle Tells of the Inhuman Manner in Which British Prisoners are Treated in Germany, and Contrasts This With The Good Treatment of German Prisoners in Britain

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the author, writing to the London Times from his home in Sussex, says:

"I had occasion recently to talk with Dr. Bonn, of Offenbach, who had been captured in Germany. A voice which was husky with passion, trembling with the violence of his own feelings, he told me what he and his comrades had gone through I had read such things in cold print, but to hear them told from one's own lips and feel them had an indescribable effect. I was trembling as he was before he had finished."

"This officer, of senior regimental rank, a man of dignity and refinement, was taken wounded at the end of 1914. With his comrades in captivity, he was sent to a hospital camp, and then to a prison camp for two days' journey from the front to his prison. At one spot, he thinks that it was Cologne, a soup cañon upon wheels was rolled up to their compartment in order to mock them. Still starving and suffering tortures from his wounds, he was reduced to the point of cannibalism. Weak, shaken, and unversed, they assembled outside the station, hardly able to stand after their dreadful journey.

"What ensued can only be described in his own forcible words. 'They beat us out behind all the way to the streets. There is not one of us who had not his behind kicked.' There were British officers, honorable gentlemen, many of them wounded, now helpless under circumstances which have in all ages appealed to the cruelty of the captor. When God's angel is caught red-handed with his apparatus ready for the murder of the civilians of London, hurry him away that he may have a hot supper."

"This officer was, as I was told by a third party, a witness of the dreadful incident of the burning hut. One hundred British prisoners were burned to death in a hut which had been locked on the outside. The key could not be found. One of the inmates, a sailor, tried to get out through the narrow window.

"The sentry of the hut rushed forward to shoot the prisoner, who was trying to draw the man through. What he actually did was to pass his bayonet through the sailor's throat. I am told that the horrified onlookers dropped on their knees, men of all ages, to pray for the soul of the man who would never show mercy to any man of German blood. Can we blame them? Would we not have felt the same?

"Why should we recall these incidents? It is because hate has been sown as the seeds of war have been sown and discovered. It steals the mind and sets the resolution as no other emotion can do. So much do they feel this that the Germans are constrained to invent all sorts of reasons for hatred against us, who have in truth no reason to恨 us. Some say that we are history and geography, both place us between them and their ambitions. To nourish hatred they invent every lie against us, and so they attain a certain national solidarity.

"We have the true reasons for this emotion, we have suffered incredibly, we have been treated like animals, of all chivalry and humanity. Yet though we have this material we do little to use it and to spread it. How powerful it is can be told by looking into our own hearts.

"Many of us could conceive of a peace which included some compensation not only in Berlin but in Vienna, where the semi-official Freudenblatt reprobates with asperity the action of certain Czechs, Southern Slavs and Ukrainians who protested that denial of this right by Vienna was a violation of the agreement with revolutionary Russia. Count Czernin passed over Mr. Wilson's pregnant statement that the government of Austria-Hungary is not acting in response to the wishes and feelings of its own peoples, but as the instrument of another nation. But his statement cannot detract even the most anti-German politicians or blind the utter incompatibility of Austro-German "militarist" aspirations with the ideals of the allies.—From the London Times.

Britain Equips American Army

Supplied U. S. Soldiers With 200,000 Uniforms and 100,000 Pairs of Shoes

The other day the United States dipped into Great Britain's shoe reservoir, came up with 100,000 pairs of shoes and it did not even make a dent in the supply. One day's work at full capacity would have replaced the shoes. All there were still 3,500,000 pairs in the reservoir.

Great Britain has been on top of the army shoe problem since January 1915. At one time there were five million pairs in storage. For just one short period in May, 1916, the stock fell off to less than 800,000 pairs, so that it came to a tremendous call from Russia.

"At present we are so pedantically correct in our treatment of these prisoners that when at an earlier stage of the war, when the suggestion was that we place a copy of 'J'accuse' in every prison, it was refused on the grounds that it was against international law to proselytise prisoners. This was about the time when Casement and the Germans were trying to bring the Irish prisoners into enlistment against Great Britain. The statement should be served out broadcast in our munition shops and among our troops."

New styles in dresses show the skirts are going to be much longer. That's good, chilblains in the knee cap were not easy to cure.

Warning to Germany

Boston Chamber of Commerce Has Plan to Club Kaiser's Subjects Into Peace

American business men are asked in a referendum submitted by the chamber of commerce of the United States to pass upon a proposed warning to German industrial leaders that they can not hope to resume friendly commercial relations with the United States unless the German government has become a responsible instrument of the people.

It is proposed that the United States, in common with other nations, supply raw materials with which Germany must be ready to start the world war, and that the lesson should be learned. Newspapers and business men of neutral countries will be relied upon to carry the message.

The referendum suggested by the Boston chamber of commerce, and now laid before half a million business men through its commercial organization, submit this resolution: "Whereas, the size of Germany's present armament and her military attitude have been due to the fact that her government is a military autocracy, not responsible to the German people, and

"Whereas, the size of the German armament after the war will be the measure of greatness of the armament forced on all nations; and,

"Whereas, careful analysis of economic conditions shows that the size of Germany's future armament will considerably decrease on her after-war receipts of raw materials and profits from foreign trade; and,

"Whereas, in our opinion the American people for the purpose of preventing an excessive armament will assuredly enter an economic combination against Germany if governmental conditions in Germany make it necessary for self-defense;

"Whereas, we believe the American people will not join in discrimination against German goods after the war is over, the demand for German armament has been removed by the fact that the German government has in reality become a responsible instrument controlled by the German people; therefore, be it

"Resolved, that the chamber of commerce of the United States of America earnestly calls the attention of the business men of Germany to these conditions and urges them to co-operate to the end that a disastrous economic war may be averted and that a lasting peace may be made in Europe.

"If the proposed action carries," says a statement from the chamber's headquarters, "the industrial leaders of Germany, who, with the military caste in Germany, will be bountifully told that Germany must choose a responsible government to conclude a reasonable peace after the war."

"She will be denied economic intercourse with her best customers—the United States. The message could not fail of its purpose as Germany cannot hope for years to come to reestablish satisfactory relations with Great Britain, Italy or France."

"No single action by the United States can be calculated to go further than this proposed action of America's business men. It is more potent in its authority, perhaps, than any other single action coming from official sources. It would be direct notice to German business men that the business men of America have taken a concerted stand to close trade to Germany as long as it remains an outlaw."

"This anecdote, as I say, is about Senator Flubbdud. You know the senator?"

"No, but I know the anecdote."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

COPENHAGEN CHEWING TOBACCO

One of the reasons why Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is so popular is because it does not attract attention in the mouth.

It is chewed; on the contrary, a small pinch is placed in the mouth between the lower lip and gum.

This gives complete satisfaction without chewing, and leaves a pleasant, cool after-taste.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is scientifically prepared, of the best old, ripe, leafy tobacco.

It is in the form of small pins, and being very rich, only a small quantity should be placed in the mouth.

"Get the most economical chew."

General Local News of The Town and District

Readers Can Make This Column
More Interesting By Informing
The Editor of Events Occur-
ing Hereabouts

The Red Cross Society will
meet at the home of Mrs. G.
Tarr on Friday Mar. 15.

Rev. Buchanan, Supt of Meth-
odist Missions in Alberta, was
in town during the week.

There was a big crowd on
hand, last Saturday, for the
horse sale. Good prices were
realized.

The merchant who advertises
gives you a budget of store
news—and, always, some of it
is about the things you plan to
buy.

We are in the market for all
kinds of raw furs. Highest
prices paid. Walter's Limited,
Monitor.

Sounding Lake U. F. A. will
meet in the Horse Shoe School
on Saturday, March 9th. All
members are asked to kindly
attend.

T. C. Harley spent a few days
in Edmonton this week.

Miss G. Biltoff and G. Doupe
entertained the members and
friends of the Lone Helping
Hand, on Sat. Feb. 23rd. About
40 guests were present, includ-
ing several from town. The
evening was spent in games and
music, and a two-course lunch-
eon was served.

The Ladies Aid gave a very
successful entertainment and
sale on Friday last, the Orange
Hall being well filled. The fol-
lowing program was rendered:
Songs, Rev. Danielson and T. C.
Harley; Readings, E. McRae, L.
O. Gould and Rev. Collins; Duet
and chorus Elsie English and G.
Garries, and members; Drill, by
the Aid. Chairman Garries
conducted the auction sale. E.
Harley won the linen quilt.
The proceeds amounted to
\$101.80.

The following resolutions
were passed at the last meeting
of Stonelaw U. F. A., and a copy
of the first resolution was sent
to Premier Borden.

"Whereas the Union Govern-
ment of Canada seems to be
strong enough to take over the
C. N. and G. T. P. Railways, per-
haps with a little encour-
agement they may feel themselves
strong enough to take over the
C. P. R. And whereas if we
have to pay an increase in rates
we would rather pay it into a
government controlled road
than into a private company.

Therefore be it resolved that
we the Farmers around Monitor
Alta., represented by the Stonelaw
U. F. A., do hereby urgently
request the Government of
Canada to take over all the rail-
ways in the Dominion, there-
by following the example of all
the other Countries at war."

Any Farmer who is not a paid
up member, for at least three
months before arrival of car or

Fanning Mills Avery and Cushman Threshing Outfits

Monitor Cash Hardware

W. H. Olson, Prop.

All kinds of Table Dishes: Blacksmith Coal : Tar & Building Paper

Nelson Rotary Sewing Machines, on easy terms

Wall Paper : Linoleum : Rope : Oils : Gasoline : Buggies

Everything at lowest possible prices

Walk a Block and Save Money

Agent for Government Telephones

Full line of Chinaware and Crockery

FI-RE-CO RANGES - BARB WIRE

A full line of Skates, Hockey Sticks, Pucks, Etc.
Come in and see my stock of Springs & Mattresses

twine in Monitor, will not be
eligible to purchase any twine
through this Union.

Rev. Wickenden will lecture,
in aid of the Red Cross, at the
following points:
Gregerson, Tues. Mar. 12, 7.30
Stonelaw, Wed. Mar. 13, 7.30
Butte Church, Thur. Mar. 14, 7.30
Monitor, Friday Mar. 15, at 8

ATTENTION!

The Monitor Red Cross So-
ciety will hold a business meet-
ing and social gathering on
Tuesday evening, March 12th,
in the dining room of the Hotel.
Cards will be indulged in and
the ladies will serve lunch.

All members are asked to at-
tend. Meeting called for 8 p.m.
for the discussion of business.

NOTICE

To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Take notice that my wife,
Agness Ducklow, having left
my bed and board, on Dec 10th
1917, at Monitor Alta, I will not
be responsible for any debts she
may contract, henceforth.
William Ducklow.

W. J. McCallum has only a few of
the Shorthorn Bulls left out of the car
load.

As he is leaving town on Saturday night those
wishing to purchase Bulls had better do so at
once, as they are selling fast.

Easy Terms Ontario rates of interest

W. J. McCALLUM
Importer

Insure your
Farm Buildings & Live Stock
with the

Wawanese Mutual Ins. Co.

RATES \$1.10 per hundred
W. S. McCulloch Agent

To The LADIES Of Monitor And Vicinity

Don't send for that Spring Hat until you see our line
We can Save you Money

We have a large stock of
Men's Clothing, Snappy Mod-
els for Young Men at prices
away below present values.

To reduce our stock we will give,
for a short time, a special discount
of \$2 to \$5 on every suit.

Men's Suits from \$12.50 to \$35
Boy's Suits from \$5 to \$12

Men's Heavy Ribbed All-
wool Underwear \$1.75

Men's heavy ribbed Union
Suits \$3.00

Men's Sanitary fleeced lined
Union Suits \$2.00

Men's Trousers in heavy
weight on sale at less
than present manufacturer's
prices.

We also have a good
assortment of snappy pat-
tern in dress trousers at
good value.

Seeded Raisins at 30 per cent. less than Eaton's prices

We are not "cutting prices" but are selling our goods at a fair and reasonable
profit, and we will meet the mail order houses on all orders of \$50 and over.

The wholesale price on
Overalls is \$2 per pair
in the States, today.

We have the genuine
American Stifle Drill
Overall which we are
still selling at \$1.75 per
pair.

Men's Shirts

Men's fine flannel Shirts, all
sizes \$1.75

Men's silk front Shirts \$1.75

Men's Shirts, in odd lines,
slightly soiled, worth \$1 to
\$1.50, going at 60c

S H O E S

We have a large stock of
Shoes at prices as low as the
mail order houses, and we
guarantee every pair.

Men's Work Shoes
from \$2 to \$6 per pair

Our Grocery Stock Is Complete

Only fresh, clean groceries kept, at lowest prices

Give us a chance to figure on that order you intend sending to T. Eaton. We can sell it as
cheap, and you then help to build up a better town which helps to make your farm more valuable.

WALTER'S Ltd.

One door North of Post Office

Singer Sewing Machines
Deering Agent

Singer Sewing Machines
Deering Agent

THE MONITOR NEWS

VOL. 3

MONITOR, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 8th, 1918.

NO. 15

10-20

Mogul AND Titan Tractors

Order from us NOW for
spring delivery

We have a very limited
supply of Grain Drills for
spring delivery.
Be Wise, Order Now

One Sleigh left at Cost

J. A. Hayes & Sons

We sell the Best

LUMBER
and all kinds of
BUILDING MATERIAL

Stock of Good Coal on hand
LIME BRICK FENCE POSTS

BEAVER LUMBER CO. Ltd.

Fresh & Cured MEATS

All kinds of Fresh Fish in stock
Hams Bacon Bologna Sausage
Monitor Meat Market

MASQUERADE DANCE

Fully 200 people attended the Masquerade Dance, in the Big Hall, on Monday night. The array of costumes was by far the finest ever seen in Monitor.

The judges had their work cut out in awarding the prizes, but carried off their task O. K.

Roy Stranahan, as a Cavalier, won 1st prize; and McDonald & McGirr as the Gold Dust Twins took the couple's money. The other winners were: Mrs. Grace as Mother Goose; Mrs. Gehrké as Rosalind; R. P. Thompson King Charles; A. Grace, Jester; L. E. Larder, Clown.

Dr. Buggins, Dentist, will be in town March 9th to 16th, both days inclusive.

Dr. D. J. Bechtel, Eye Specialist, of Calgary, will be in

Monitor, March 14th
Bideford, " 15th
Compeer, " 16th
Consult him here

FOR SALE

One well-bred Clyde mare, 9 yrs old. One bay mare (half sister to above mare, one Shire cross,) aged 7 years. Both sound and true, extra good mares, have weighed 3300 lbs.

Also 1 bull calf from pure-bred Holstein cow and Shorthorn bull. Nine months old, big for age.

T. H. Noad, Monitor P. O.

W $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 24-33-4

FOR SALE

One dozen pure bred Buff Orpington Roosters for sale. Apply to:
Mrs. Ed Corley, Sec. 8-34-3
Kirriemuir

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

School Inspector McLean was in town during the week.

The date of the staging of the comedy, "Facing the Music", has been changed to Monday, April 1st.

The car of Shorthorn bulls arrived in town on Wednesday, and most of them have been sold. Mr. McCullum will only be here until Saturday night.

Be sure to consult Dr. H. Mecklenburg about your eyes. He has visited your town for years, and will again be at

Monitor, Tues. March 26th
Consort, Wed. " 27th
Provost, Sat. " 23rd

The Ladies Aid will meet on Wednesday, at the home of Mrs. English.

Geo. H. Earl has purchased a frontage of 125 feet. on Council St.

Geo. Lucas is a visitor in Edmonton this week.

The following is the standing of the pupils of the Monitor School:
Senior Room, E. MacRae, Principal.
Grade VIII, Ole Oliver, 72%; Grade VII, Ole Johnson, 48%; Grade VI, Otto Swanson, 70%; Grade Varies, 65%; Ivan Swanson, 63%; Elsie English, 62%; Lily Martin, 60%; Emily Danielson, 59%; Gertrude Burrell 48%; Alice Deadmarsh, 48%; Oscar Liknes, 28%. Grade V, Dalton Tinkes, 55%; Leslie Tinkes, 45%; Grade IV, Edward Todd, 60%; Winifred Conner, 51%; Beatrice Killingsbeck, 50%; Moody Haines, 33%. The following have passed into the next grade: VI to VII, O. Swanson, G. Garries, I. Swanson, E. English, L. Martin, E. Danielson. Grade V to VI, L. Tinkes, D. Tinkes. Junior Grades, Miss A. M. Curtis.

Grade III, Arthur Garries, 82%; Ruth Martin, 80%; Mary Deadmarsh, 80%; Delta Foster, 90%. Grade II, Floyd Davis, 65%; Martine Gehrké, 83%; Barbara Dore, 0%; Grade I, Sr. Lima Tinkes, 92%; Gladys Grace, 92%; Billy Craig, 94%; E. Earle, 88%; Grade I, Jr. Ferno McCurdy, 60%; Arlo Ryckman, 45%; Johnny Tkachko, 30%; Pr'm'y, Eva Grace, 80%; Eddie Dore, 78%; Herbert McCurdy, 90%; Dagny Danielson, 91%; Kathleen Earl, 90%; Verne Gehrké, 78%.

Mr. FARMER!

The DUTY has been taken off our TITAN TRACTOR, so now the cost of our 10-20 TRACTOR is not as much as six good horses are worth. And one man can do twice as much work with the TRACTOR as he can with horses.

Horses, and oats to feed them, are high and scarce. Farm labor is a very uncertain question. Let our 10-20 Titan Tractor answer this question for you. It has proved ITS RELIABILITY. BUY NOW!

A few Fanning Mills left at a bargain. THE HERO

Quality First DEERING
Geo. E. GARRIES

Town Council

REVERE

W. H. Olson

COUNCILLORS

H. J. McGirr W. G. MacKenzie
W. G. MacKenzie Sec.-Treas.
Council meets 1st Monday each month

School Board

J. Hamer Chairman
H. McCarron W. S. McCulloch

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

REV. W. S. WICKENDEN, B.A., L.Th.
PASTOR.

Service every Sunday

11 at a.m.

A hearty invitation to all services
Books provided.

Boy Scouts, every Tues. & Fri. 7 to 8
Children's Service, weekly, Fri. at 8:30
Choir Practice Fridays at 8:15

Sunday Services

Co-operation:

Presbyterian and Methodist

Berryfield 11 a.m.
Ione 3 p.m.
Monitor 7:30 p.m.
Monitor Sunday School ... 2 p.m.
REV. J. E. COLLINS

Kirriemuir Mission Union Services

Kirriemuir ... 11 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
McRorie's, Section 10-36-3
at 3:30 p.m.,
Rev. W. H. Day, Kirriemuir

W. G. MACKENZIE
Barrister, Solicitor Notary Public
Money to Loan
MONITOR : ALBERTA

Notary Public Conveyancing
W. S. McCULLOCH
Real Estate Insurance
Money to Loan
Monitor, Alberta

DR. BUGGINS DENTIST

Specialist in Crown and Bridge Work
Watch for dates when he will be in Monitor.

CRAMER & GARRIES

Are the Auctioneers
to Cry Your Sale

Terms Reasonable
Satisfaction Guaranteed
MONITOR ALTA.

The Monitor News

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
W. S. McCULLOCH
Editor and Publisher

Subscription Rates

Canada \$1.00 per year. Foreign \$1.50
per year in advance.

Advertising Rates

For Sale, Lost and Strayed—Not
exceeding one inch space, 50c for first
insertion, or 3 for \$1.00.

Transient advertisements—50 cents
per inch, in advance.

All changes of advertisements must
reach this office by Tuesday noon.

FRIDAY, MARCH the 8th, 1918

Note and Comment

Maple sugar makers never
had such a demand to fill as this
year. The shortage of cane and
beet sugar makes maple products
of great use as substitutes.

The responsibility for saving
food, so that the national total
of eating shall be less, lies largely
with the housewife. In fact,
the immediate work of helping
the Allies by food service falls
to her. The growing of a larger
supply for the Allies next year
is more especially the man's
work, and preparations for it
should not be delayed until the
Spring. Sheer hard work in
the home, and then in the field,
is the only solution of the dif-
ficulties of those who are fight-
ing uncompromisingly for us.

"Food will win the war," Mr.
Hoover has said. "Whose food
shall win—German or Canadian?

It doesn't seem right, says
the man with the worn-out
shoes, that a mere cow can af-
ford to wear all that leather.

This high cost of living is
likely to introduce another in-
volution into the kitchen, in the
way of a foodless cooker.

Several new booklets have
just been issued by the Dept of
Agriculture, Ottawa. One, en-
titled Agricultural Instruction in
Canada, gives a review of the
work done by the various prov-
inces with the money granted
by the Dominion Government.

Another interesting pamphlet
is No. 22, on the Feeding and
Housing of Swine. This gives
plans and specifications of vari-
ous hog buildings and portable
cabins, and also trents on the
feeding and fattening of hogs.

Write to the Department of
Agriculture, Ottawa, for free
copies.

The merchant who advertises
tells you, every day, what to
expect from him in the way of
co-operation in solving your
buying problems.

Cull in and pay up your past
due subscription. Still going
for a \$1 a year.

The Girl Leaders' Conference
to be held in Edmonton April
12th to 14th is already being
discussed by pastors, teachers
and women's organizations all
over Northern Alberta. If you
have not happened to hear
about it yet, make inquiries.

One of the purposes of this
conference is to interest the
girls in ideal standard in social,
physical, intellectual and reli-
gious life. Girls of sixteen
years and over are invited to
attend the conference.

Address Miss J. F. Montgom-
ery, University of Alberta, Ed-
monton, for particulars.

Woman's last objection to
donning overalls has been over-
come, as one can now put ruffles
on the hem of an overall as
on the hem of a skirt. The war
has forced women into men's
work, and now that she can
take her ruffles with her, she
will be happier.

Keeping Faith

O guns, fall silent till the dead men
hear.
Above their heads the legions press-
ing on;
These fought their fight in time of
bitter fear,
And died not knowing how the day
had gone.
O flashing muskets, pause, and let them
see;
The coming dawn that streaks the
sky afar;
Then let your mighty chorus witness
be.
To them, and Caesar, that we still
make war.
Tell them O guns, that we have heard
their call,
That we have sworn, and will not
turn aside.
That we will onward till we win or
fall,
That we will keep the faith for which
they died.

—Col. J. McCrae

MINOR MINUTES

The U. F. A. meeting, on the
1st, was well attended.

Dan Nelson has been on the
sick list for a few days.

We regret to state that Mr.
and Mrs. Geo. Earl and family
will be leaving our neighbor-
hood soon, having sold their
farm at Minor.

About eighty-five guests, in-
cluding many from Minor, took
in the house warming given by
Martin and Mrs. Thompson, on
Feb. 22nd. Games and dancing
was the order of the evening.
A sumptuous lunch was served
at midnight.

J. HANSON

Contractor and Builder.
—
Plans and Specifications
Furnished.

All Work Guaranteed.

MONITOR : ALTA.

Rev. W. S. Wickenden, B. A.
will conduct Divine Service (D.
V.) on Sunday next, as follows:
Monitor 11 a.m.

**Star
Restaurant**

Charlie Yee Prop.

Board and Rooms**Meals at all Hours**

Fruit, Cigars and
Soft Drinks

Mail & Train Service

Outgoing Mail
To points West and East
daily, except Sunday.

Incoming Mail
From the East and West
daily, except Sunday.

Westbound train leaves daily,
except Sunday, at 8:01 a.m.
Eastbound train leaves daily,
except Sunday, at 8:16 p.m.

REMOVAL

J. Hamer has moved his stock
to the new building across from
the Butcher Shop.

A full line of
Harness Saddles Blankets
Collars Sleigh Bells Pullovers
Gloves Suitcases Fancy Leather
Goods Harness Hardware
Hames Chains

Anything in the Saddlery line
We have it

J. HAMER

**A Truck for the Farmer**

FARM equipment which will effect a time and labor-
saving, and therefore a money-saving, must be care-
fully considered by every good farmer now-a-days.

The farm wagon, which for years was the most useful
of all farm equipment, is now being replaced on the best
farms by a sturdy, dependable motor truck. The truck
will haul any farm product—fruit, grain, vegetables,
stock, fertilizer, or wood—around the farm, or to the
town or city many miles distant, in half the time, and
at a much lower cost.

The Ford One-Ton truck is a rapid, economical and
very serviceable means of transport. One of these on
your farm will save you weeks of time in a single season
and will enable you to pass through a crisis of labor short-
age with less difficulty.

The Ford truck is supplied as a chassis only. This per-
mits you to select any of the many body styles especially
designed for the Ford truck and already on the market.
Thus you can mount the one which suits your individual
requirements.

Price \$750 f.o.b. Ford, Ont.



Charles B. Horsch -- Dealer -- Monitor

Carmen's Messenger

BY HAROLD BINDLOSS
WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

By and by he went to the smoking room and lighting a cigarette, he thought over what Carmen had said to him. At first she had seemed anxious to find out something about Featherstone, but he was not surprised by this. Carmen liked to know as much as possible about everybody she met, and used her knowledge cleverly when it was to her advantage. The other matter was more puzzling, and he wondered why she wanted to send a packet secretly to a man as old as her father. It might, of course, be a caprice, because girls were fond, of mystery, but, as a rule, Carmen had a practical object for what she did. She had stated that her friends in England had this right, and that she had a lover. Perhaps she had exaggerated his age, and in any case, Foster thought it would not be a great drawback if the man were powerful and rich. Carmen was rather ambitious than romantic.

Her plans, however, were not his business, but he felt a little uneasy. He liked Carmen and had some respect for her abilities, but thought he would sooner not marry her, even if she were willing, which was most improbable. Since he had promised to take the packet, he would do so and say nothing about the matter.

He left the hall early, and driving home found his partner sitting by the stove.

"Was Daly at the reunion?" Featherstone asked.

Foster said he was there, and Featherstone resumed thoughtfully: "It's curious he hasn't come to the mill yet, but I suppose he'll turn up before Thursday, hell be too late. I'll be ready to start with you by the afternoon train, and as there's no use in spoiling a good plan for a few dollars, I'll buy a ticket and check my baggage to Ottawa. Then I'll get off at Street Creek where I won't have long to wait if the west-bound train's on time. You can express my things on to Ottawa. The Montreal express stops about an hour."

"That ought to throw Daly off the track," Foster agreed, and they talked about something else.

IV.

The First Adventure

It was about ten o'clock at night and the Montreal express sped through the lonely forests of North Ontario. The train was light, for there were few passengers on board and the road was by no means good, but in spite of the jolting Foster enjoyed his cigarette in a corner of the smoking compartment at the end of a car. A colored porter had told him his berth in the sleeper was ready, Featherstone had left the train, and all of the passengers were already in bed, but Foster did not want to follow them just yet. For a time he had done with business, and was on his way to England. He relished the unusual sense of freedom.

A half moon shone down upon the rugged wilderness, and he could see the black pines rush past. The cars lurched and he heard the great locomotive snort on the inclines. Now and then there was a roar as they sped across a bridge, and a water glistening among the rocks below; afterwards the roar sank into a steady clatter and a soothing throb of wheels. The car was warm, and Foster, who had given the porter his overcoat, was lighting another cigarette when a man came in and sat down opposite. He looked hard at Foster, who quietly returned his gaze. The man was about his own height but some years older, and his expression was disturbed.

Foster felt interested. He had faced danger in the northern wildernesses, in the rigors of starvation and travelled on frozen rivers when the ice was breaking up. Besides he had once or twice been involved in savage fights about disputed mining claims, and knew how men looked when they bore heavy strain. He thought the stranger was afraid, but was not a coward.

"You're going to Ottawa, aren't you? I heard you talking to your friend," said the man.

"I'm going to Montreal, but don't see what that has to do with you."

The other made a sign of impatience. "Well, I dare say you can be trusted, and I've got to take a risk."

"It is a risk to trust a man you don't know," Foster rejoined. "But how can I help?"

"I want you to put on my coat and cap and stay here, reading the *Witness*, for about ten minutes."

"Holding the newspaper in front of my face is supposed to be an unusual request, and I must know a little more. If there's a detective on your trail and you expect me to hold his attention while you hide or try to jump off the train, you must refuse."

The man smiled. "I've wired for the police to meet me at Ottawa, the trouble is that I mayn't get there. Time won't allow of a long explanation, but there are men on board who'd stop at nothing to prevent my arrival. In fact, to some extent, I'm putting my life in your hands."

Foster looked at him surprised. He had not expected an adventure of this kind on a Canadian Pacific train, but did not think the other was exaggerating.

"How many men?" he asked.

"One seen one, but know there are more."

"Then why not tell the conductor and have the train searched?"

"It wouldn't work. I might find one enemy, but I'd warn the others to be on their guard, and then I think I suspect no danger is the best chance I have. The conductor's making his way up the train and I'm going to see if he can get me into the express car. It's the only safe place; the clerks are armed. With my express is lawful and the public interest, I take you for a patriotic citizen."

Foster saw that he must decide quickly. Somehow he did not doubt the man, who kept his eyes on the door as if he expected somebody to come in. Moreover, he expected to be seen by the police at Ottawa.

"It looks as if I'll run a risk when I put on your coat," he said.

"The porter's sweeping up the car, and if you keep the door open you'll be safe while he's about. Besides, if I can't get into the express car, I'll come back. Give me ten minutes, and then, if I don't turn up again, you take my coat, put on your coat and put the newspaper down."

"Very well," said Foster. "Perhaps you had better take my heavy coat. The stranger gave him his heavy coat. "I'll buy you for it at Ottawa. You're going to Montreal. What's your name?"

Save Food

In a time needing food economy many people are not getting all the nourishment they might from their food.

It is not how much you eat, but how much you assimilate; that does you good.

The addition of a small teaspoonful of Bovril to the diet as a peptogenic before meals leads to more thorough digestion and assimilation and thus saves food, for you need less.

S-18a

Foster told him and he resumed: "Then, if you don't see me, stop at the Windsor, where I can telegraph in a day or two. You'll be repaid for any expense or inconvenience. Well, I'm going. Thanks!"

"Good-huck," said Foster, who sat down and opened the *Witness*.

Now he was alone, he began to wonder if he had been taken in.

The man, however, did not look like a criminal; though alarmed, he had an air of quiet authority. In a sense, it seemed absurd that he should think himself in danger. Violence was not common in Canada, and the carrying of weapons was prohibited.

Foster had never heard of any sensational crime on the big expresses. Still he thought the man would not be afraid without good cause.

(To Be Continued)

A resolution of confidence in the food controller was passed at a meeting held in Brandon, Manitoba, under the auspices of the Local Council of Women.

Improvements in Egg Production

A Few Poor Birds Greatly Reduce the Average of the Good Ones

The efforts of the poultrymen in managing the laying flock should not only be concentrated upon present production, but upon means and methods of increasing future production. Improvements in this line necessitate a close study of each individual which makes the average, and a few poor birds greatly reduce the average of the good ones. In a flock of 100 hens it will be found that on the average 10 to 30 per cent. rarely lay an egg during the period months of the year, and another small percentage lay but a few, while the remainder are fairly good layers. The only way is to weed out the poor layers and keep only the best. It often pays better to take one hundred hens out of a flock of one hundred after which with less labor, one can get nearly as many eggs and a much more profitable yield per bird.

Where the selection is not made, the poor birds are fed at the expense of the better ones, and the cost is soon largely offset through the union of two factors: (1) Rigid selection at the end of the pullet year, and the mating of a breeding pen from the best birds. (2) By producing relatively early hatchets and selecting rigidly throughout the season, keeping only the best youngsters for future production.

How to Avoid a Cold

The idea is to make every muscle of the body tense. The hands can be kept straight at the sides, with the muscles perfectly rigid. Every muscle of the body should be rigid, and the contraction you will soon find that you are breathing hard. When deep breaths are taken the whole circulation is stimulated. It is possible to sit still, and at the same time have the muscles working as hard as a train.

If you would remember these points when we feel a chill or a draft we have the word of our physician that we need not fear a cold.—Regina Leader.

Palm trees have been known to live for 250 years.



AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

On Time

In the army everything must be done on schedule. You can save time and appear on parade looking smarter if you have shaved with an AutoStrop Safety Razor. Its smooth shaving qualities are such that no rough places are left nor is there any after-shaving unpleasantness.

The only razor that sharpens its own blades automatically.

Guaranteed to Satisfy

Complete Outfit \$5.00 AT ALL STORES

AutoStrop Safety Razor Co., Limited 83-87 Duke St., Toronto, Ont.



APPLEFORD'S SANI-WRAPPERS

Use Sani-Wrappers It Pays



Your cus'omers will appreciate your care and cleanliness as your parcel their purchases or meats, butter, bread and vegetables in Appleford's Sani-Wrappers.

Particular trade goes to the store that is careful of the details of cleanliness and appearance.

Ask your Jobber for Appleford's Sani-Wrappers, or write us direct for samples and prices.

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Limited

HAMILTON, CANADA

OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES AT TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG AND VICTORIA.



W. N. U. 1197

THE NEWS, MONITOR, ALBERTA

Transient Ads.

STRAYED

A dark red cow and a two year old heifer with white face. Both branded WL on flank. Reward for information leading to recovery.

H. McCarron

HORSES FOR SALE

Forty head of horses for sale, all good, sound work horses. Apply to T. Martin Monitor Section 2364

OATS FOR SALE

A quantity of feed oats for sale. Apply to Alberta Pacific Grain Co. M. A. Vanhorn, Agent. 44

SEED OATS

For Sale, a quantity of high germinating oats.

A. G. Kempton
1 mile E. and 34 S. of Monitor

LOST

Black gelding, about 6 years old, 1350 lbs, mane roached. Lost about middle of December. \$20 reward for information leading to recovery.

Glenn M. Beamer 18-344

FOR SALE

Snaps for Quick Sale
10 x 20 Titan Engine; 3 Furrow Oliver Plow; 20 x 32 New Racine Thresher with Feeder and Blower. The above complete cheap for cash, or will trade for stock. I have also Seed Flax for sale. T. C. Harley, Monitor, Alta.

TENDERS WANTED

Tenders are called for a Dipping Vat for the R. M. of Stewart, No. 302.

Plans and specifications can be had from B. R. Craner. Tenders close on March 10th, 1918. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. Partridge, Reeve.

TEACHER WANTED

Lady teacher wanted for Gregerson, S. D. No. 3244. Second or third class. Duties to begin forthwith. Salary \$780 per annum.

Mrs. Alf Anderson, Sec-Treas Monitor, Alta.

FOR SALE

I have several excellent geldings for sale, at the right prices. All warranted good work horses.

K. G. Wiles 34-34-4 Monitor

ESTRAY

One the premises of R. W. Ridley, 16-364-w4, Sounding Lake P. O.

1 bay mare, weight 1100 lbs, 5 years old, right hind leg white, star on forehead. Had halter on.

1 bay colt, 2 years old, star on forehead, clipped mane and foretop, hind feet white. No visible brands.

RED CROSS

Regular meeting held Mar. 1, at the home of Mrs. A. Grace.

Work-handled in Soxi Mrs. Foster, 1 pr; Mrs. Houston, 1 pr; Mrs. Deadmarsh, 1 pr; Mrs. McCulloch, 1 pr. Sewing: Mrs. Lawrence, 3 many-tailed band-

ages; Mrs. Pryor, 10 slings; Mrs. McCulloch, 20 hospital handkerchiefs. Work done at meeting: 11 binders, 11 hospital handkerchiefs, 2 many-tailed bandages. New members: Messrs G. C. Evans, G. Smith, Mrs. W. Atkin, Miss Phylis Atkin.

There were 15 members out at the last meeting.

**NOTICE TO
STEAM
ENGINEERS**



NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that examinations will be held at the under-mentioned places by John Douglas, a duly appointed Inspector of Steam Boilers for the Province of Alberta: Provost, March the 8th, Provost Hotel. Monitor, March the 15th, Monitor Hotel. Coronation, March the 19th, Royal Hotel at 9 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of giving Engineers and Apprentices an opportunity of qualifying for Certificates under the provisions of "The Boiler Act," 1912.

Persons not already registered in the Province who may desire application forms, can obtain same by applying to the Department, or to the above named Inspector, and such application form must be properly filled out, witnessed, and declared to before a Commissioner or Justice of the Peace before an examination can be granted.

L. C. CHARLESWORTH,
Deputy Minister.
Department of Public Works,
Edmonton, Alta.

STONELAW U. F. A.

Stonelaw Local meets 1st and 3rd Friday of each month.

There will be a meeting in the Stonelaw School at 7 p.m. on Wednesday, March 13th, to organize a U. F. W. A. The U. F. A. will provide the entertainment and refreshments providing some of the ladies bring a cake. Mrs. Dowler of the U. F. W. A. will address the ladies and assist in organizing. Rev. Wickenden will give an illustrated lecture. All members and others urged to attend.

Monitor Laundry

**First Class Work
Guaranteed**

Sam Lee : Jim Woo

Your Stationery

is your silent representative. If you sell fine goods that are up-to-date in style and of superior quality it ought to be reflected in your printing. We produce the kind that you will not be ashamed to have represent you. That is the only kind it pays to send out. Send your orders to this office.

**HONOR ROLL
OF
MONITOR VOLUNTEERS**

Names of those who enlisted from this district:

Anderson Roy
Bentson Walt
Beesley J. O.
Brooklesby J. W.
Bryans R. T.
Blackley C. E.
Bishop Jack
Crisp Charley
Collier
Clark H.
Connell J. A.
Cuts George
Cross Jack
Connell Dave
Connell Ralph
Cunningham L. C.
Crosswell J.
Dencor Frank
Deacon Albert
Dencor Fred
Duncraft F.
Edwards Bob
Filepehak Carl
Ford J. L. O.
Fraser S.
Fisher Ivan
Gardner Cecil W.
Gillespie J.
Goodman Carl
Greenbank R.
Harrison R. J.
Hyland
Harvey J.
Herity Fred
Henessey A.
Hayes Lyle
Harrison C. W.
Hermison C.
Johnson, Harvey
Johnson, Harry S.
Kay Jeff. W.
King D. S.
LaDuke Jas.
Livingston Robert
Lyons Fred
McDonald Hugh
Martin Thomas
McNish J. T.
McCulloch Jas. A.
McTavish Jack
McNair Andy
Moore J. W.
Munson John *
Mitts J.
Noad J. S.
Osborne John
Palmer Bill *
Palmer George
Purdy Walter *
Piper F. H.
Plumb Martin
Ryckman Gilbert
Robson S.
Rogers N. R.
Spencer W. A.
Shannon Alvin
Smith Alex
Stewart (Pat) Claude
Smith Marion
Sinclair Archie
Tkachuk Jack
Walker A. E.
Wright J. L.
Whitney Phillip
Whitney George
Walker R. L.

W. S. McCULLOCH

Issuer of

Marriage Licenses

MONITOR: ALTA.

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stable

**The Best Livery and Feed Stable
in the Village**

**Draying of all classes done at
Moderate Prices.**

Mack MacDonald, Prop.

INSURANCE

**Fire, Accident, Sickness
Automobile.**

**Agent for C. P. R. and Hudsons Bay
LANDS**

**Town Lots Real Estate
W. S. McCULLOCH MONITOR**

Subscribe to the Monitor News

The Monitor News Job Dept.

**IF ITS ANY KIND OF PRINTING
WE CAN DO IT**

At Home Cards
Bills of Fare
Ball Programs
Bill Heads
Blotters
Booklets
By-Laws
Envelopes
Letter Heads
Mile Tickets
Collecting Notices
Pamphlets
Posters
Receipts
Wedding Stationery

Artistic Job Printing our Specialty

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

NO MAN'S LAND A STRANGE PLACE NOT SHOWN ON PUBLISHED MAPS

OF ENORMOUS AREA MEASURED IN SQUARE MILES

Not the Narrow Strip of Territory of Popular Fancy, and It is a Shifting Country Which Almost all the While is Moving Gradually Towards Germany

There is a country, not far distant from London, and familiar to many who walk in its midst—a country across whose spaces many eyes are gazing, regretfully or longingly, at this moment—a country seldom trodden, albeit, perhaps, thronged by strange ghosts—a country as real and substantial as the outside your windows—yet a country which is marked upon no published maps.

It is an enormous country, in actual area, though long and narrow in shape. It is in Europe. It has a name—a tragic name, famed the world over. Open any atlas and turn to the page called "Europe," and you will search vainly for that name. For the name—it owns the saddest three syllables in history!—is No Man's Land.

No Man's Land stretches from Switzerland to the sea. If you ever, in the dead bygone days, enjoyed one of those trips which you traveled along, (at least, in part) what is now No Man's Land, You looked forth from the Ostend-to-Bale express at smiling, diligently cultivated fields, which then were a Someone's Land, dotted with the grain, sunflowers, and shell flowers, and here and there with prone, ragged things that Once Were Men. High in the welkin overhead the airplanes whir. But there are other, and invisible wings, too, always hovering—the dark pines of the Alps of Death, silent and not always kindly.

Why it is I know not, but the people who stay at home, seem invariably to picture No Man's Land as a flat desert, or, at most, slightly undulating, and bare to the horizon.

The curious thing about No Man's Land is that it includes all sorts of scenery. At the Swiss end it is monotonous—is you went on that trip to "Lovely Lucerne" you won't need to be reminded. Further west, at many points, it consists of pleasant valleys. Sometimes No Man's Land is a wood, comprising once beeches, oaks, and pines, and a queer freak of Nature, it includes a village, or a factory, or mine. Sometimes it is an ocean of mud. And in Flanders it isn't No Man's Land at all, but No Man's Water—for there is its queerest area, the vast artificial lagoons, into which the flood portions of the sea safety giving water when winter weather freezes them, become perilous in their new form of ice, ice which is incessantly kept broken by artillery dropping shells not on the glassy floor across which the fog might steal were it firm enough to bear his weight.

And we envisage No Man's Land as a narrow ribbon, in places it is narrow, but in other places it is wide. Measure it up—its length and its breadth, and its ins and outs—and you will discover, by a simple mathematical calculation, that No Man's Land is of enormous area measured in square miles. But here, again, is something odd about this country marked on no published maps—it varies in size, and it even varies in whereabouts. It is a shifting country, very slowly shifting, and in all the while shifting is in one direction—towards Germany!

Sometimes it is a country of grim silence. Sometimes it is a country of deafening noise. Sometimes it is a country unbroken by feet of man for weeks or months. And one day it is a country thick with life, and the hurry-murry mob. And it is after those days that you find that No Man's Land has made one of its mysterious shifts, northwards, or eastwards or westwards—but never southwards. And what was No Man's Land is now Someone's Land again—the Someone being for the present

ent, a gentleman rejoicing in the name of Atkins.

Shortage is More Acute

Bread Ration in France Has to Be Reduced Again

Information received at the food controller's office indicates that the shortage of wheat in France is becoming more acute, and more alarming each week. A further reduction of twenty per cent. in the bread ration will soon become imperative, according to M. Maurice Long, minister for general reviving of France. The manufacture and consumption of pastry, regarded as a luxury, has been entirely prohibited since January 1, except on Sundays and holidays.

In Denmark a reduction of the wheat ration is anticipated. The cereal harvest, according to final figures, only about 10,000,000 bushels less than in 1916 and about 10,000,000 less than was estimated in the summer when the people were put on bread rations.

The food situation in Switzerland is extremely serious. New rations, far below the minimum standard, of many of the countries at war, have been ordered. The new regulations allow only one and one-half pounds of sugar per month. The bread ration is only one-half pound a day and butter ration one-fifth of a pound per month.

An Opportunity For Returned Soldiers

Get Farm Experience This Year at Good Wages

Both the United Farmers of Alberta and the Grain Growers' association of Saskatchewan intend to use every effort to secure returned soldiers for work on the farms of those two provinces during the present year. The exact number of the returned men is not known, but it is said that those who contemplate taking up land themselves, but who hitherto have known nothing of agriculture, will get an insight into that industry if they elect to go laboring on the prairie farms for a few years. It is believed quite probable that an invitation will be extended to returned soldiers in British Columbia to go to Saskatchewan or Alberta to help out with this year's harvest. Any man who is qualified to drive a team of horses will be able to earn \$75 a month, but he will not be paid for absolutely unskilled labor. The farmers of both provinces are anxious to interest the returned men in the gathering of the harvest. Perhaps it is a selfish desire from one angle because there is such a shortage of labor, but then the farmers point out that the wages will be well paid and can learn the rudiments of agriculture which should prove of benefit to those who have determined to take up land.

And we envisage No Man's Land as a narrow ribbon, in places it is narrow, but in other places it is wide. Measure it up—its length and its breadth, and its ins and outs—and you will discover, by a simple mathematical calculation, that No Man's Land is of enormous area measured in square miles. But here, again, is something odd about this country marked on no published maps—it varies in size, and it even varies in whereabouts. It is a shifting country, very slowly shifting, and in all the while shifting is in one direction—towards Germany!

A Chance for Canada

The Washington government is advertising for the prettiest girl in America, her picture can be used on war posters. Here's Canada's chance to help out our big friendly neighbor. —Montreal Star.

"Here's a matter that ought to be investigated."

"What's the use of investigating?"

"What's the use of finding out anything else?"

"We know more now than we have time to attend to."—Washington Star.

"Here's a matter that ought to be investigated."

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General Local News of The Town and District

Readers Can Make This Column
More Interesting By Informing
The Editor of Events Occur-
ing Hereabouts

The Red Cross Society will
meet at the home of Mrs. G.
Tarr on Friday Mar. 15.

Rev. Buchanan, Supt of Meth-
odist Missions in Alberta, was
in town during the week.

There was a big crowd on
hand, last Saturday, for the
horse sale. Good prices were
realized.

The merchant who advertises
gives you a budget of store
news—and, always, some of it
is about the things you plan to
buy.

We are in the market for all
kinds of raw furs. Highest
prices paid. Walter's Limited,
Monitor.

Sound Lake U. F. A. will
meet in the Horse Shoe School
on Saturday, March 9th. All
members are asked to kindly
attend.

T. C. Harley spent a few days
in Edmonton this week.

Miss G. Bifford and G. Doupe
entertained the members and
friends of the Lone Helping
Hand, on Sat. Feb. 23rd. About
40 guests were present, includ-
ing several from town. The
evening was spent in games and
music, and a two-course lun-
cheon was served.

The Ladies Aid gave a very
successful entertainment and
sale on Friday last, the Orange
Hall being well filled. The fol-
lowing program was rendered:
Songs, Rev. Danielson and T. C.
Harley; Readings, E. McRae, L.
O. Gould and Rev. Collins; Duet
and chorus Elsie English and G.
Garries and members; Drill, by
the Aid. Chairman Garries
conducted the auction sale. E.
Harley won the linen quilt.

The proceeds amounted to
\$101.80.

The following resolutions
were passed at the last meeting
of Stonelaw U. F. A., and a copy
of the first resolution was sent
to Premier Borden.

"Whereas the Union Govern-
ment of Canada seems to be
strong enough to take over the
C. N. and G. T. P. Railways, per-
haps with a little encour-
agement they may feel themselves
strong enough to take over the
C. P. R. And whereas if we
have to pay an increase in rates
we would rather pay it into a
government controlled road
than into a private company.

Therefore be it resolved that
we the Farmers around Monitor
Alta., represented by the Stonelaw
U. F. A., do hereby urgently
request the Government of
Canada to take over all the rail-
ways in the Dominion, thereby
by following the example of all
the other Countries at war."

Any Farmer who is not a paid
up member, for at least three
months before arrival of car or

Fanning Mills Avery and Cushman Threshing Outfits

Monitor Cash Hardware

W. H. Olson, Prop.

All kinds of Table Dishes: Blacksmith Coal : Tar & Building Paper
Nelson Rotary Sewing Machines, on easy terms
Wall Paper : Linoleum : Rope : Oils : Gasoline : Buggies

Everything at lowest possible prices

Walk a Block and Save Money

Agent for Government Telephones

Full line of Chinaware and Crockery

FI-RE-CO RANGES - BARB WIRE

A full line of Skates, Hockey Sticks, Pucks, Etc.

Come in and see my stock of Springs & Mattresses

twine in Monitor, will not be
eligible to purchase any twine
through this Union.

ATTENTION!

The Monitor Red Cross So-
ciety will hold a business meet-
ing and social gathering on
Tuesday evening, March 12th,
in the dining room of the Hotel.
Cards will be indulged in and
the ladies will serve lunch.

All members are asked to at-
tend. Meeting called for 8 p.m.
for the discussion of business.

Rev. Wickenden will lecture,
in aid of the Red Cross, at the
following points:
Gregerson, Tues. Mar. 12, 7.30
Stonelaw, Wed. Mar. 13, 7.30
Butte Church, Thur. Mar. 14, 7.30
Monitor, Friday Mar. 15, at 8

NOTICE

To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Take notice that my wife,
Agness Ducklow, having left
my bed and board, on Dec. 10th
1917, at Monitor Alta., I will not
be responsible for any debts she
may contract henceforth.
William Ducklow.

W. J. McCallum has only a few of
the Shorthorn Bulls left out of the car
load.

As he is leaving town on Saturday night those
wishing to purchase Bulls had better do so at
once, as they are selling fast.

Easy Terms Ontario rates of interest

**W. J. McCALLUM
Importer**

**Insure your
Farm Buildings & Live Stock
with the
Wawanese Mutual Ins. Co.**

**RATES \$1.10 per hundred
W. S. McCulloch Agent**

To The LADIES Of Monitor And Vicinity

**Don't send for that Spring Hat until you see our line
We can Save you Money**

We have a large stock of
Men's Clothing, Snappy Mod-
els for Young Men at prices
away below present values.

To reduce our stock we will give,
for a short time, a special discount
of \$2 to \$5 on every suit.

Men's Suits from \$12.50 to \$35

Boy's Suits from \$5 to \$12

**Men's Heavy Ribbed All-
wool Underwear \$1.75**

**Men's heavy ribbed Union
Suits \$3.00**

**Men's Sanitary Fleeced lined
Union Suits \$2.00**

**Men's Trousers in heavy
weight on sale at less
than present manufacturer's
prices.**

We also have a good
assortment of snappy pat-
tern in dress trousers at
good value.

Seeded Raisins at 30 per cent. less than Eaton's prices

We are not "cutting prices" but are selling our goods at a fair and reasonable
profit, and we will meet the mail order houses on all orders of \$50 and over.

The wholesale price on
Overalls is \$2 per pair
in the States, today.

We have the genuine
American Stiffle Drill
Overall which we are
still selling at \$1.75 per
pair.

Men's Shirts

Men's fine flannel Shirts, all
sizes \$1.75

Men's silk front Shirts \$1.75

Men's Shirts, in odd lines,
slightly soiled, worth \$1 to
\$1.50, going at 60c

SHOES

We have a large stock of
Shoes at prices as low as the
mail order houses, and we
guarantee every pair.

Men's Work Shoes
from \$2 to \$6 per pair

Our Grocery Stock Is Complete

Only fresh, clean groceries kept, at lowest prices

Give us a chance to figure on that order you intend sending to T. Eaton. We can sell it as
cheap, and you then help to build up a better town which helps to make your farm more valuable.

WALTER'S Ltd.

One door North of Post Office